

## Saturday Specials

Bacon, while it lasts, per pound.....	25c	Pork Steak .....	25c
Beef Rib Stew, 10 bs..	\$1.30	Canned Milk, 2 for ..	25c
Pork Chops .....	25c	Liver, 3 for .....	25c
Pork Roast .....	25c	Kettle Roast 16 and ..	18c

CASH and CARRY Saves  
You 4 Per Cent.

## STRICTLY CASH MARKET

F. H. Milks

Phone No. 2

### WHEN THE WAR IS GOING TO END IS LEARNED HERE.

News Spreads Fast All Over  
World; Has Reached  
This City.

A friendly reader thinks the lines  
given herewith hit the war situation  
squarely and offers to share them.

#### WHEN THE WAR IS GOING TO END.

Absolute knowledge I have none,  
But my aunt's washerwoman's son,  
Heard a policeman on his beat,  
Say to a laborer on the street,  
That he had a letter last week.  
Written in Latin or maybe in Greek.  
From a Chinese Coolie in Timbuctoo,  
Who said the niggers in Cuba knew,  
Of a colored man in a Texas town,  
Who got it straight from a circus clown,  
That a man in the Klondike heard the  
news,  
From a gang of South American  
Jews,  
About somebody in Borneo,  
Who heard of a man who claimed to  
know,  
Of a swell society female rake,  
Whose mother-in-law will undertake,

To prove that her seventh husband's  
niece,  
Has stated in a printed piece,  
That she has a son who has a friend,  
Who knows when the WAR is going  
to end.



TEAMS WANTED—to haul cord-  
wood. Highest wages will be paid.  
Steady work. Inquire at Johnson  
Bros' old camp, Alba. Or address  
Miller Rose, Alba, Mich., or DuPont  
Co., Grayling.

## Squeezing the Dollars

It always results, when you go to buy groceries, in  
one of two things—

You get a POOR article, or  
You get LIGHT WEIGHT or SHORT MEASURE  
unless you trade with a house that Guar-  
antees you against such profiteering.

### Honest Goods—Honest Prices

The entire reputation of our business rests upon  
these two words. You don't need to squeeze your  
dollar here—it will go its full length in buying actual  
honest values in Groceries and Provisions of all kinds.  
Come to us and see how perfectly satisfied we can  
make you as to QUALITY and PRICE.

H. Petersen, GROCER  
Phone No. 25

## JUST HARDWARE That's All We Handle

But we want to impress upon your mind the  
fact that we handle everything

## From Carpet Tacks to Anvils

We are almost sure to have what you want  
if it is to be found in a hardware store. If  
we don't happen to have it we will take  
pleasure in ordering it immediately.

SALLING, HANSON CO.  
Hardware Department

## FAREWELL TO SOLDIER BOYS PATRIOTIC EVENT

### CRAWFORD COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTION TO NEW NATIONAL ARMY.

#### Patriotic Speeches, God Speeds and Gifts Mark the Event.

The people of Crawford county  
strived hard to express their apprecia-  
tion of the noble sacrifices by the  
young men of our county, last week  
Friday evening, as they were about to  
be carried away to Camp Custer, near  
Battle Creek, training camps.

It appeared in the morning of that  
day, when the official roll was called,  
that there would be some members of  
the contingent missing, and the fears  
of the exemption board proved true  
for three failed to appear. They are  
Nicholas Kukto, Stanley Plekna and  
John Sikula. These men have been  
recorded as deserters and will be dealt  
with accordingly. Their places were  
filled by Charles Hawley, Frank Peter  
Babbitt and Leo Jorgensen.

All the others due to report that day  
honored themselves by appearing in  
due time and are now enrolled on the  
honor list. Soon after reporting to  
the board at 9:00 o'clock that morning  
the young men were decorated with  
bows of red, white and blue ribbon,  
thus identifying them for the day.

At 7:30 o'clock in the evening the  
men reported at the court house and  
from here marched to the school house  
where a patriotic program was to be  
presented. Those in the honor list are:

Roy Cruickshank.  
James Joseph Moriarty.  
Walter Barton.  
John Rosky.  
Lee August Schmalz.  
William David Harger.  
Albert Moon.  
Samuel Cantrell.  
Stanley Magarsyk.  
Robert Conway.  
Loren Moon.  
Judson McCormick.  
William Pagel.  
Charles Hawley.  
Frank Peter Babbitt.  
Leo Jorgensen.

The members of the new National  
army were joined at the court house  
by three of our Grayling boys who are  
now serving in Uncle Sam's army,  
stationed at that time at the Hanson  
military reservation: Francis Reagan,  
of the 31st regiment band, and Victor  
Petersen and Clarence Johnson of the  
2nd Ambulance company; and also 8  
men of Oscoda county who were to en-  
train here with our boys. The pro-  
cession marched to the school house,  
headed by the Grayling band.

Never was there such a large crowd  
present at the school auditorium as  
there was that night. The room will  
easily seat 600 people but this time, it  
is estimated there were from 1,000 to  
1,200 people present in the building  
many of whom were unable to enter  
the auditorium. The room was pack-  
ed with hundreds standing.

After several selections by the band  
the meeting was opened with prayer  
by Chaplain Atkinson of the 31st  
Michigan Infantry.

Melvin A. Bates was chairman of  
the meeting and he opened his re-  
marks by saying that "there is no flag  
like the stars and stripes and no sol-  
dier like the American soldier." Ad-  
dressing the young men, in whose  
honor the occasion was being held, he  
said that "we do not know what is be-  
fore you but we do know that you will  
do your work well."

Rasmus Hanson, who had been in-  
vited to make a few remarks stated  
that he was glad to see so many turn  
out to honor our boys who were soon  
to leave us to train for sterner duties  
and perhaps for foreign lands. The  
theme of his talk was an encourage-  
ment to those young men assembled,  
to live lives of honor and morality.  
He strikingly illustrated his talk with  
the characters of Adam and Eve who,  
having no work to perform, yielded to  
temptation. They were punished by  
being driven out of the Garden of  
Eden. Adam was forced to earn his  
living and Eve was forced to endure  
suffering in ushering into the world  
her offspring, which suffering has  
been endowed to all mothers of the fu-  
ture. The young men of the new  
army, he said, had been called upon  
by the President and by the Governor  
of this state to perform a duty. He  
asked that they put their trust in God,  
follow their conductor, and fear no  
danger.

Hon. Oscar Palmer said that he felt  
that he had been honored in being in-  
vited to talk at that important occa-  
sion, more than he had ever been hon-  
ored before in his life. He said in  
part that "this immense assembly de-  
notes the patriotism of our people.  
We are here to honor these young  
men." About fifty years ago he had  
passed thru a similar scene. (When

he went into the civil war.) Liberty  
is written on our flag forever. Why  
should we hesitate to take our places  
beside others who are fighting for hu-  
manity and against the element who  
profess to be "fighting with God to  
rule the world." He established  
his faith in the "Government of the  
people, for the people and by the peo-  
ple." He closed his remarks by re-  
citing a poem from Robert Pollack's  
Course of Time.

Prof. Otterbein of the Grayling  
schools, alluded to our soldiers as de-  
fenders of American honor and our  
liberties. The price we pay is the  
noblest and best of our young man-  
hood. Two or three years ago arose  
the question "who owns the ocean,"  
(Continued to last page.)

#### Grayling Boys Write From Camp Custer.

Barracks 43, Regt. 337.  
Camp Custer, Mich., Sept. 18, 1917.  
Mr. O. P. Schumann,  
Grayling, Mich.

Dear Sir:

Just a few lines to let you know we  
received your letter and wish to thank  
you for the Avalanches, but had it not  
been for the letter we would not have  
received the papers for we had to go  
down to the Y. M. C. A. and look all  
around and at last found a bunch of  
papers, still in their wrappers, piled  
up at the end of the counter and after  
searching thru nearly all of the pile  
succeeded in finding the bundle.  
There was a lot of good news in it,  
and I guess most of all I find some  
more coming down that we will know.

That Thursday we left is a day long  
to be remembered by us both and still  
we are speaking of it every little while  
as tho it had just happened yesterday.  
We are now in our future home,  
having moved out of our temporary  
quarters yesterday. And are now  
waiting for the new men that will be  
arriving soon. We have now about  
20 men in our barracks as a starter for  
our company and as they come from  
our own counties they will all be plac-  
ed together, as near as possible.

The mess is still about the same as  
at first, altho very plain. We have,  
so far, had a great plenty. But we do  
get hungry for a good piece of beef  
steak or some pork and a little butter  
on our bread as those things are miss-  
ing so far.

Last Sunday afternoon and evening  
I spent in town with friends, and that  
helped to take off the monotony of  
camp life. I have had a shot at all  
kinds of work here since I came. Be-  
sides our drill and marches I have  
been in the kitchen and dining room,  
also sweeping floors and handling  
freight of all kinds for the supply de-  
pot, so they are breaking me in all  
around. But where I land next is  
hard to tell. This morning we were  
all taken to the hospital for, as the  
saying is, "the second shot in the  
arm." Last week we got our physical  
examination, vaccination and first  
"shot" for typhoid so we are coming  
right along.

Today we go down and get com-  
pletely outfitted. We were down last  
week but only part of the men receiv-  
ed their whole uniform and the rest of  
us had only pants, other parts we had  
to wait for on account of not having  
the sizes to fit us, but we will be able  
to greet the new men in full uniform.

As for the paper, of course we are  
always looking with both eyes for it.  
But at present the Y.M.C.A. system is  
not complete and it is hard to handle  
so many papers.

Practically all the men from each  
county will be at the same barracks so  
if you will forward mine direct to  
Barrack 43, Regt. 337 I can get it a  
great deal sooner and pass it around.

Thanking you for favors in the past  
as well as in the future. I am

Yours truly,  
Ransom Burgess.

Camp Custer, Sept. 23, 1917.

To the People of Grayling:  
I thought I would drop you a few lines  
to let you know that we arrived at  
Camp Custer 3:15 Saturday afternoon.

We will never forget the last night  
we spent in Grayling at the farewell  
party at the school house.

We want to thank the people of  
Grayling for giving us such a good  
send-off. Also to the persons men-  
tioned: Mr. R. Hanson, Red Cross and  
the W. R. C. ladies, and the lunch  
which we received that could not be  
bent. The one that I got was fine for  
which I shall thank Mrs. M. A. Bates  
very much.

When we arrived at Saginaw, which

was about 8:30 o'clock, the Red Cross  
was at the depot with lunch, fruit and  
candy for us, which we all liked very  
much.

We were a bunch of strangers but  
we soon got acquainted and had a  
good time.

As we were passing through towns  
everyone seemed to be glad to see us;  
even the farmers waved the Stars and  
Stripes for us.

The first night was a cold one and  
hardly any of us had very much sleep.  
I believe if they let us we could  
have gotten the kaiser without any  
training the way we felt the next  
morning.

They separated two of us from the  
rest of the bunch, but we are in two  
different companies. We are in a  
good bunch of young men.

Will close as it is getting near sup-  
per time. Best regards to all.

Sincerely yours,  
Leo Jorgensen,  
310th Engineer Train,  
Camp Custer, Battle Creek, Mich.

#### School Notes

The successful man of today is he  
who knows how to do one thing better  
than most others can do it.

Edward Bok.

Miss Elizabeth Langevin was a vis-  
itor in the High school last Tuesday.  
We are more than pleased that  
Grant Thompson is back in school  
again in time for the basket ball sea-  
son.

Miss Alice Brink of Bay City and  
Miss Grace Carpenter of Detroit were  
visitors in our auditorium last week.

Lewis Burton is back in school tak-  
ing a Commercial course.

Watch for the County fair to be  
given by the Senior class in the near  
future.

Our basket ball girls have organized  
with Miss Gladys Everett as Captain,  
and we expect a series of good games  
this winter.

Mr. Cleasby, from the Agricultural  
department at Washington gave a  
most interesting talk to the High  
school people last Wednesday on con-  
servatism of Bird Life.

Have your fortune told by Madame  
Redsky Crosky and Senorita Permano  
at the County fair next week.

The Zoology people went bugging  
last night.

Brilliance shone forth recently in a  
Civil Government class, when a stu-  
dent upon being asked what the board  
of Censors is, replied, "It is a  
board which goes around selling  
things."

County Fair: Only five cents. Come  
and see the incubator baby.

One day a week in the History  
classes is being devoted to the study  
of current topics. The students particu-  
larly of the Seventh grade are  
showing apt ability in the discussion  
of modern science, inventions and  
methods of war fare. An attempt is  
being made to familiarize the students  
with the best magazines and to stimu-  
late further reading.

Work was so arranged on Wednes-  
day, that all students wishing to at-  
tend the Gaylord fair might do so.

Along with the study and talks  
about the caterpillar the first grade  
children learned two verses of the  
poem, "The Caterpillar."

The memory gem this week in the  
first grade is, "Kindness"—Cary, as  
it is also the tho of the month.

## This Store's Blanket Stock Affords the Best Values

We made our purchases of blankets months ago,  
prior to the advance in price. Hence we are pre-  
pared to sell them at the lowest possible figures.  
Beacon Blankets, Robe Blankets and Traveling Robes.  
Prices \$3.50 to \$5.00 each.

Very special showing of Cotton Blankets in  
white, tan, gray and plaids at very low prices

## It's Time for Warmer Hosiery and Underwear

New lines for men, women and children.

Ladies' and misses' Fleece Hosiery at 20 and  
25c per pair.

Cashmere Hose, special at 25c per pair.

Women's Silk Boot Hose, of fibre silk, double  
soles and toes, high spliced heels, black, white and  
colors, special at 35c per pair.

## EMIL KRAUS

Grayling's Leading Dry  
Goods and Clothing Store

## A Toast to Bread

Here's to the backbone of civilization—BREAD.

It satisfies when nothing else can satisfy. When  
the nectar of the gods tastes flat and insipid in the  
merry quaff, and when the menu with its surfeit  
of viands and victuals fails to please, good, sweet,  
nutritious wheat bread comes like a ministering  
angel to put courage and spirit into the hearts of  
men. Arrayed in no delicious frostings or  
tempting garnishments, bread wields the scepter  
in its regal sway. Companion of prince and  
peasant, at home in cabin and castle, it is, in-  
deed, builder of men and of nations—our daily  
bread.—G. F. Wright in Bakers' Helper.

## Model Bakery and Grocery

THE HOME OF PURITY AND QUALITY

## Advertisements Here Cost Little Compared With Results

## A Safe Buying Guide

People do not need to go wrong in their buying nowadays.  
There are plenty of well established lines on the market of excellent  
reputation.  
Merchandise that has given perfect satisfaction for a period of more  
than thirty-three years is good merchandise.  
That's the kind to buy.

## Lily White

"The Flour the Best Cooks Use."

has been on the market more than thirty-three years; more than a third  
of a century.  
During all that time it has given splendid satisfaction for both bread  
and pastry baking.

Lily White has made good because it has been made right. There  
has been no guesswork in connection with its manufacture.

We know why Lily White Flour is better; why it has always pro-  
duced such pleasing results.

Furthermore we know why it will continue to be "The flour the  
best cooks use."

A single sack will win your admiration.  
Packed in 5 lb., 10 lb., 24½ lb., 49 lb. and 98 lb. sacks.

VALLEY CITY MILLING COMPANY,  
Grand Rapids, Mich.



# BERNSTORFF LEADER OF TEUTON PLOTTERS IN U.S.

Copies of Records, Cablegrams, and Other Correspondence Show Former Ambassador's Hand Throughout a Series of Plots Against America

## EVIDENCE OF GUILT IS CONCLUSIVE

Records Reveal Attempts to Influence Legislation Before Relations Were Broken—Show Payments of Money for Destruction of Lives and Spreading Propaganda

Washington—Determination to unearth the organization through which former Ambassador von Bernstorff worked in his efforts to prevent war, has developed in congress. House and senate leaders aroused at Sec'y Lansing's spectacular announcement of von Bernstorff's intrigue immediately demanded searching inquiry.

That an organization—powerful and richly supplied—was at Bernstorff's command is certain in light of Secretary Lansing's exposé, it was agreed "on the Hill." But it operated without the legislators' knowledge of its financial backing, they declared.

Washington—The message sent by Count von Bernstorff January 22, 1917, while he was German ambassador here, to the Berlin for- eign office requesting authority to pay \$50,000 "to influence Congress through a certain organization," is as follows:

"I request authority to pay out up to \$50,000 (fifty thousand) dollars, in order, as on former occasions, to influence Congress through the organization you know of, which can perhaps prevent war.

"I am beginning in the meantime to act accordingly.

"In the above circumstances, a public official German declaration in favor of Ireland is highly desirable, in order to gain the support of Irish influence here."

The state department has plenty of proof that the cablegram as made public actually reached Germany. Neither Secretary Lansing nor any other officials would say whether any reply ever reached the ambassador. It is presumed, however, that one did, inasmuch as at that time the channels of communication of the German embassy were of the best.

Senators and representatives were told by the state department that the text as made public was complete. Intimations that certain organizations, through which von Bernstorff worked, were mentioned in the cablegram were denied.

No Comment by Lansing.

The text of the message was given out without comment.

Extraordinary disclosures already made has fired the belief that agents of the United States government have



COUNT VON BERNSTORFF.

collected and compiled the entire story of German duplicity and intrigue.

The reference to avoiding war is taken as an indication that Bernstorff had knowledge of his government's intention to proclaim a merciless submarine warfare, and that he was equally confident that the United States government could not be placated by mere promises. The German announcement of its submarine plans was not made public until January 23. Three days later the United States government had severed relations with Germany.

The German ambassador had denied knowledge of his government's intention and pretended that he did not approve the course.

Congress Not Bribed.

It has not been assumed that the ambassador actually attempted to bribe or to personally influence any member of congress.

Fifty thousand dollars, it was pointed out, would go but a short way toward buying the influence of any congressman.

Judiciously expended, however, it might do much in compensating paid agents, known to have belonged to the elaborate machine Bernstorff had so carefully built up for propaganda and espionage.

Government Has More Information.

Information in possession of the government is said to show a more direct connection of the German machine in America with the Irish question than that indicated in Count von Bernstorff's message.

There have been indications that the American government had established Bernstorff's direct connection with German secret work and that there was basis for a request for his recall several months before diplomatic relations with Germany were broken.

Washington—Amazing disclosures of far-reaching German propaganda, intrigues, and plots in this country prior to the diplomatic break with Germany were made Saturday by the committee on public information.

In a bulletin styled "official exposé" the committee quotes numerous letters, seized by the department of justice in April, 1916, in a raid on the New York office of Wolfe von Igel, Von Igel, in carrying on his manifold anti-American activities, documents show, was in constant touch with the German embassy and with Count von Bernstorff, then German ambassador to the United States.

Offenses Are Listed.

"In the form of letters, telegrams, notations, checks, receipts, ledgers, cash books, cipher codes, lists of spies and other memoranda," the committee says, "were found indications—in some instances of the vaguest nature, in others of the most damning conclusiveness—that the German imperial government, through its representatives in a then friendly nation, was concerned with:

"Violation of the laws of the United States.

"Destruction of lives and property in merchant vessels on the high seas.

"Irish revolutionary plots against Great Britain.

"Fomenting ill feeling against the United States in Mexico.

"Subordination of American writers and lecturers.

"Financing of propaganda.

"Maintenance of a spy system under the guise of a commercial investigation bureau.

"Subsidizing of a bureau for the purpose of stirring labor troubles in munition plants.

"The bomb industry and other related activities."

Bernstorff Leader.

Across the page streaked the name of Count von Bernstorff, former German ambassador, and his aides, Von Papen and Boy-Ed, attaches of the embassy.

Atop of this revelation linking the German embassy with throttling designs against the United States.

Senator King revealed letters that proved Fair Play and other radical newspapers had fattened on the largesse of German and Austrian agents. He advised weeding out the propagandists and counseled making war on Austria, Bulgaria and Turkey.

King told the senate he had photographic copies of checks and receipts for money paid by von Bernstorff to the Fairplay Publishing Co. and Marcus Braun, its editor, among others.

The Fairplay magazine may be one of the guiding hands of the "organization" mentioned by von Bernstorff as a possible factor in trying to influence congress against war. The sums paid out to it by the embassy show that it was a constant drain on the Teutonic exchequer.

King said he also has copies of papers showing payments from the Austrian embassy to foreign language newspapers. Among these is a \$700 subsidy paid a Polish newspaper.

Data Is Authentic.

King's data is known to be absolutely authentic and further shows the extent of von Bernstorff's web of influence stretched throughout this country.

The King exposure coupled with the state department revelations, stirred congress to new demands for searching inquiry into the use of the disloyal press in spreading German propaganda.

King's data shows that von Bernstorff was operating his pro-Teuton poison early in the war and the payments cited by King were almost two years previous to those Bernstorff admitted were being made in January, 1917.

If we can get a definite lead to work on, we will begin an investigation of the Bernstorff slush fund," said Senator Overman.

Overman is chairman of the lobby investigating committee. This committee can begin the investigation without a resolution or any further authorization than it possesses.

Overman conferred with several senators who have evidence.

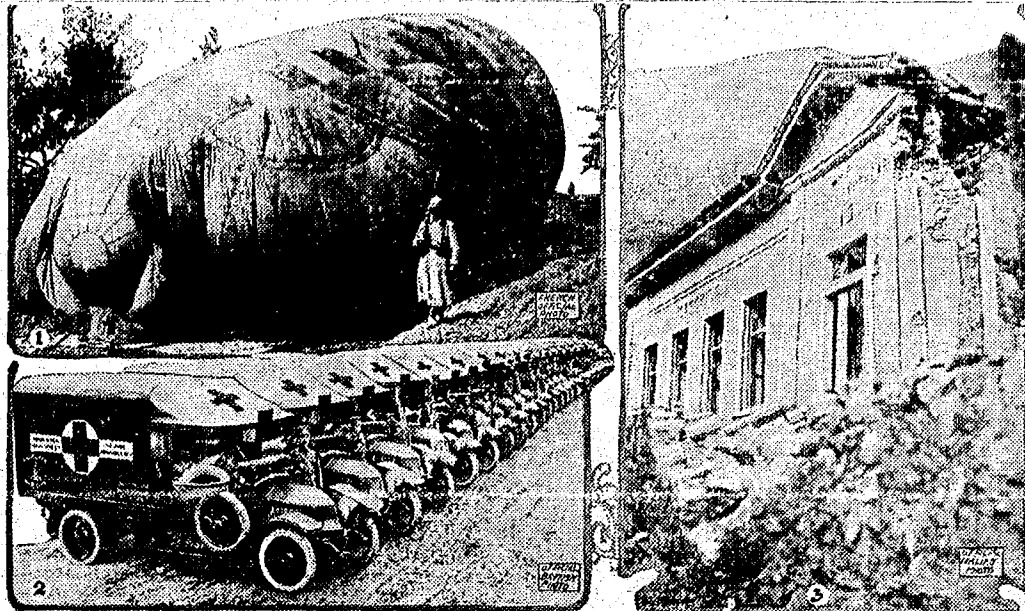
Lansing authorized this statement:

"I wish to say emphatically that I do not see how the Bernstorff message in any way reflects on congress or any member. This exposé was apropos of German methods of peace propaganda and there is no intention of casting suspicion on members of congress."

While deploring the tendency of some men in congress to delay legislation that would aid the war, Senator King does not believe that any members of the body have been actually influenced by German money.

Belgian Queen Asks Cake Recipe.

Escanaba—Miss Grace McColl, of this city, has received a request from the queen of Belgium for a recipe of a fruit cake which King Albert of Belgium sampled while on a visit to England. A friend of Miss McColl, while leaving for England, was presented with the cake. The king was entertained at the home of a wealthy family, where it was served. He was so pleased he wanted to know the recipe. He was told the name of the Escanaba girl.



1—A partly inflated French observation balloon and its guard, "somewhere on the Somme." 2—Long line of Calcutta ambulance cars presented to Great Britain on the western front by India. 3—An Italian school at St. Margherite demolished by Austrian artillery.

## NEWS REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

Field Marshal Haig Opens New Offensive in Belgium East of Ypres.

MAY CUT OFF U-BOAT BASES

Germany Start Another Lot of Peace Rumors—Kerensky Proclaims Russian Republic But Must Curb Extreme Radicals—Labor Troubles in the United States.

BY EDWARD W. PICKARD.

Following the usual devastating artillery fire, a great attack on German positions in Belgium was begun by the British forces early Thursday morning. The offensive, the fiercest of recent months, embraced a wide front east of Ypres. The first day's fighting, which will be known as the battle of Menin road, resulted in big gains for Field Marshal Haig's troops, especially in the important sector between the Ypres-Boulers railway and Holbeke. The Germans resisted desperately and the British were compelled to advance over ground covered with water-filled shell holes, barbed-wire entanglements and fallen trees and in the face of a murderous machine-gun fire from the many small concrete redoubts that have to a considerable extent replaced the German front line trenches. But the British heavy artillery had done its work well, and the Germans pushed ahead, slaughtering the enemy or driving them far back.

The Germans naturally knew the attack was coming, but could not foresee just where it would be made. Haig's selection of the field for this offensive indicates that he intends to try to force Rupprecht of Bavaria away from the Belgian coast and to cut off the German U-boat and airplane bases along the shore between Zeebrugge and Nieuport. Such a move by the British has been looked forward to for a long time.

Italians Getting Ready.

The Italians seem to be gathering themselves for another leap at the throat of Austria, and their generals declare they must and will administer to the foe a decisive defeat in the field, and then they will be in a position to continue their advance on Trieste, and perhaps on Ljubljana. Meanwhile activity in the Trentino has increased and the Latins hit the Austrians there several times last week. That the latter have called on reinforcements wherever they could get them is evidenced by the presence of Turks among the prisoners taken by the Italians in recent days.

Along the French front the few changes of the week were at the expense of the crown prince's forces. That famous young man is still trying to recover the plateaus of the Alsne and the lost positions near Verdun and sacrifices his soldiers with prodigality.

German Peace Rumors.

That Germany intends to make new peace proposals before many months becomes increasingly evident. Last week saw the sending up of several "trial balloons" from Berlin, including an industriously spread report that Great Britain had suggested terms, and a story that the kaiser would surrender Belgium and restore it. These rumors met with no sympathetic response by the allies. Great Britain flatly denied the alleged peace offer. Premier Balfour reaffirmed France's determination to continue the war until Germany gave up Alsace-Lorraine and pledged reparation for the damages she has caused; and American went steadily ahead with its tremendous preparations.

The German papers are permitted by the censor to discuss the peace rumors freely, probably to prepare the people for some move by the government, but neither the German nor the Austrian government seems to be yet in the proper mood to command any consideration from the allies, which are all on their guard.

The pope, it is reported, will send out new peace proposals to the belligerent powers and of Bolshevik adherents, and of Russia's perilous situation, last week, can now be told for the first time. A Bolshevik censor was in control at Petrograd.

When Korniloff's rebellion menaced Petrograd, Premier Kerensky, searching for defenders, released and armed the Kronstadt sailors and workmen who last July terrorized the city. He hoped to send these men against the rebels.

They instantly assumed control of the city's streets. Kerensky in the win-

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There is room for all of them within the loyalty fold.

The truth is that persons of intelligence, with the exception of fanatics and intentional traitors, are fast realizing that this war on Germany is being made by the people of the United States and that they intend to see it through to a victorious conclusion. Their determination is increasing as their sons and brothers go into the training camps; and when the casualty lists begin to come from the other side, it will be irresistible.

Many Labor Troubles.

Despite the undoubted patriotism and energetic efforts of President Goetz of the American Federation of Labor, the government is having a lot of trouble with strikes of organized labor and only strenuous work and cleverness on the part of its mediators prevent the disastrous tying up of industries whose continued operation is necessary to successful carrying on of the war. The latest important instance of this began last Monday when some 25,000 iron workers at San Francisco struck for higher wages and stopped work on \$150,000,000 worth of government contracts for ship building.

The federal shipping board offered to pay one-half of any wage increases for companies making not more than 10 per cent profit on commandeered ships. The ship builders agreed to consider the men's demands, and prospects for ending the strike were good.

In New Orleans and New York several thousand longshoremen went on strike for various reasons, and there was similar trouble in other localities.

Being seriously disturbed over the labor situation, especially in the Pacific coast and Rocky mountain regions, President Wilson on Thursday appointed a special commission, headed by Secretary of Labor Wilson, to visit the states where these difficulties exist and endeavor to bring about working arrangements for the period of the war at least. The other members of the commission are Col. J. L. Spangler of Pennsylvania, V. Z. Reed of Colorado, John H. Walker of Illinois and E. P. Marsh of Washington.

The war convention of American business men in session at Atlantic City was lectured rather sharply by Secretary of Labor Wilson, and thereupon adopted resolutions as follows:

"That no attempts be made by business to change labor conditions and that labor make no efforts to force union recognition or changes in standards.

"That there be no profiteering in business to give rise to labor unrest.

"That business recommend to the government creation of a government board representing labor, capital and the public to settle all major disputes and that the boards' decisions be binding on both sides.

"That industry call on labor to cooperate in making it plain there will be no strikes or lockouts while adjustments are being made."

Board to Rule Sugar Supply.

Protection and regulation of the sugar supply was taken up Thursday and an international committee of five was named for the distribution of sugar among the allied and neutral nations. The same day the beet sugar producers signed an agreement with the food administration to sell to wholesalers at seaboard refining points for 74 cents a pound, maximum. Retail prices usually being from one-half to three-fourths of a cent higher, the price to the consumer is expected to be about 8 cents a pound. The cane sugar men are expected to take similar action. In these matters and in arrangements concerning potatoes, wheat and other foodstuffs, Administrator Hoover is acting with energy and precision. He says the victor in the war will be the side that can hold out longest against starvation, and is going ahead on that line.

The copper interests have voluntarily fixed upon 23 1/2 cents a pound, f. o. b. New York, as the price of copper for the next four months, and this has been approved by the war industries board and the president.

The congressional conference committee on the trading with the enemy bill has added to it a provision for the censoring of cables and foreign mails. This is the result of a government investigation showing that information has been reaching Germany through uncensored cables and letters that apparently were of a harmless business nature.

Port Huron—The county jail here is overflowing with prisoners, but the city waterworks department has only one man to work at trench digging to lay a new sewer. An effort is to be made to have the county and city prisoners put to work.

Port Huron—After being arrested 26 times in 12 years John McDonald, 57, told Circuit Judge Law he was "a hopeless case." The court sentenced him to serve from six months to 15 years, with the recommendation that he be released May 1 next, when the

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## U. OF M. WILL MAKE OFFICERS FOR U. S.

MILITARY COURSE GIVEN UNDER DIRECTION OF COMPETENT ARMY OFFICER.

### CUSTER SHORT OF OFFICERS

If Strict Rules Were Adhered to Many Would Be Obligated to Work Night and Day.

Lansing. With the inducement of uniforms, offered by the United States government, and the added inducement of graduation into the officers' reserve upon completion of work, most of the able-bodied students entering the University of Michigan this fall will probably take the course in military training given under the direction of an army officer.

Since 1858 the regents of the university have been petitioned for a course in military training and tactics at Michigan. These petitions have come from alumni and students, but this is the first time the petitions have really borne fruit.

During the summer, Lieutenant G. C. Mullen was detailed by the war department to Michigan to give the courses in military training and tactics, and to act as commandant of cadets. Lieutenant Mullen has seen service in the Spanish-American war and in the Philippines.

The government has notified him that it will furnish uniforms and equipment to all students in the University of Michigan electing the military training course. The university has approved the suggestion that the students wear their uniforms to all classes, and elsewhere if they choose.

In explaining the course and the government's plan to graduate men into the officers' reserve, Lieutenant Mullen emphasized the fact that entering the course in no way obligated the student to join the officers' reserve after completing the work in military science, but he did emphasize the benefit military training was bound to be to any student, and especially at this time.

"Under the orders of the government," he said, "a student who completes the required course may become a member of the officers' reserve corps upon graduation, and under present conditions it is likely that every graduate who qualifies will be needed."

"The prescribed course covers a period of four years. This might seem to shut the upper classmen out, but we do not intend it shall. We have arranged, if seniors want to elect this course, to give them the entire four years' work in their last year at the university."

### Custer Short of Officers.

When the first contingent reached Camp Custer the curiosity of it was the number of officers to the man, almost one for each. Now, almost every command in the 85th division is howling for more officers.

What started the trouble was the depot brigade and the assignment of officers to Camp Greene. The men for the latter took nearly 200 men.

The depot brigade is the hardest hit. It has about an officer for each one of its 108 companies.

If strict rules were adhered to the depot brigade company officers would be on duty 24 hours, but by an arrangement among themselves, the four officers of each battalion, share the work. As each company now has only 15 men, or 60 to the battalion, this is feasible, but the need is acute for more officers before the next draft arrives, and, so far as anyone can see now, none will be available till Fort Sheridan graduates another class.

Each company of infantry has six officers as its due. This seems a great many when one is used to the old company with its captain, first and second lieutenants, but the old army never contemplated rapidly breaking in so many new men or making organizations entirely from untrained men.

If it were not for the small nucleus of the first 5 per cent, some of whom have proved competent instructors in the rudiments of soldiering, the situation would be almost impossible, but as it is hard-worked captains have made remarkable headway.

### Canvas Farmers in Loan Drive.

Every farmer in the state will be canvassed by members of committees, in charge of the Liberty loan drive, which probably will be launched in October, according to plans outlined at a conference at Lansing. Michigan's apportionment will be \$100,000,000. In the last campaign Michigan's quota of \$63,000,000 was oversubscribed more than \$1,000,000.

The same organizations which had charge of the last campaign will be employed in the next drive where possible, it is planned.

### M. A. C.'s New Engineering Hall Ready.

M. A. C.'s new hall of engineering with its adjoining shops, which, it is said, make up the most modern educational plant in the engineering field of the middle west, will be thrown open to students with the commencement of the fall term at the college Oct. 10. The main building with the machine shop and foundry surrounding it, cost in the neighborhood of \$300,000. Of this amount R. E. Olds, motor car manufacturer, gave \$100,000.

### Detroit Wants More Home Guards.

Some Detroit manufacturers think the state is not doing enough to guard industries after the withdrawal of the national guard. They want four regiments of the home guard instead of two.

The state appropriated \$5,000,000 as a war emergency fund, but only \$177,460 of this has been spent, mostly on the mounted and paid constabulary.

The state troops in Detroit have 1,300 rifles, but these were furnished by the Board of Commerce.

### Early Action for Guard Not Likely.

The Michigan National Guard will not get into the fighting for at least a year, according to the best information here. This belief is based on the fact that the British troops were trained for 12 months before being sent in, the experience having been that in this new war game, troops that were not expert were more of a hindrance than a help.

The Michigan brigade will not be in the United States all that time though, according to reports, but in all probability will sail before Christmas. The rest of the training will be within hearing distance of the big guns at the front.

If the local interpretation of new orders from Waco is correct, the Michigan troops will follow the Wisconsin troops into the trenches instead of leading the way.

The Michigan troops are now the fifty-seventh depot brigade. This is taken to indicate that they will be held in reserve and used to supply men as those on the first line become exhausted. Also, the regiments may be sent into relieve the Wisconsin men and in this way preserve their unity.

There is a difference of opinion on this, however, and it is held entirely possible that, depot brigade or no depot brigade, the Michigan men will get on the firing line as soon as any other troops.

### Italians Appeal to Governor.

Governor Sleeper has been appealed to on behalf of the Italians of Michigan to get the state department at Washington to remove a peculiar ban which hangs over all Italians or sons of Italians who enlist in the United States army or who are drafted for the national army.

In brief, the United States and Italy have no treaty by which Italians or sons of Italians, born in this country, who serve in the army in America are exempt from duty in Italy.

Rep. John DePrato, of Iron county, member of the legislature for years, acted as the spokesman for the Italians, and impressed upon Governor Sleeper and other state officials the necessity of having something done by the state department. A resolution introduced last June by Rep. James has seemingly been lost in congress and in the general mixup over war at Washington nothing has happened to it.

### New Arrivals Are Happy Lot.

More than 14,000 boys from the Michigan homes came over the top to Camp Custer last week and, smiling, laughing and singing, entered upon the great adventure which lies before them.

From the time that the first group arrived, until the hour when the last strays had been sent to barracks, where warm food and ready cots awaited them, there was no change in the sentiment.

Three weeks ago when the first contingent straggled into Camp Custer, the feature of the day was the enthusiasm of the officers. Last week it was the spirit of men themselves. Suitcases in one hand, flags in the other, they toiled and sweated and laughed and joked, unafraid, unabashed, confident and willing, typical American youths.

It was a sight that thrilled and made the heart beat faster. And old as the men of the regular army are in the experiences of their service, even they stood moved by the spectacle.

Something had robbed these men of the feeling of uncertainty with which their fellows came three weeks ago. Somewhere in the interval that has passed since they saw their friends march away, they have gained a new and true conception of Camp Custer and all that it includes.

### CAMP CUSTER NOTES

Major General Dickman has caused a sign to be erected on camp roads forbidding a speed in excess of 15 miles an hour.

A formal notice has been received from the war department stating that no regiment flags will be taken to the front lines in France.

Special attention is being paid to messes in all companies. Officers realize that unless the men are well fed they cannot fight. Only the best provisions are purchased and the ration is to be balanced that variety is the rule.

Some of the enlisted men are going to be taken up with a short halt. That is, some of the regulars who are falling to salute reserve officers on the downtown streets. They assume a supercilious attitude and walk on as if no officer were in sight.

Practically every town in the state paid tribute to its drafted men who came last week to Camp Custer. Banquets, parades, gifts and patriotic demonstrations of all kinds, were features. In most places stores were closed during the demonstrations.

It has been announced by Captain Tage, in charge of post exchanges, that no concessions will be granted in camp.

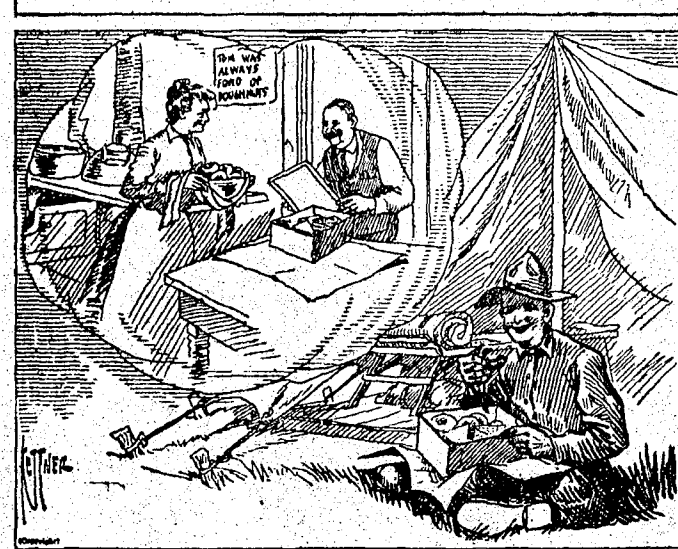
Because of numerous changes in camp construction it is estimated the plant will not be completed before March 1.

The sudden increase in distance, due to the fact that more than half the camp is now occupied, is causing officers who sold their automobiles on entering the army, to regret it. A search for cars has boosted the used car market in Battle Creek.

The neat little ventilators on the tops of the buildings are being boarded up. They let the air circulate, but they also let the flies circulate. The spaces not boarded will be screened.

Private Rinaldo Blas, of Detroit, is one of the first Detroit draft men to get a special assignment to duty. He has been made steward of the officers' mess in the 339th infantry. Private Blas, up to the time he was drafted, was head waiter in the Hotel Statler. His assignment here is made in recognition of his knowledge of "food administration."

## From Home



## AIRMAN KILLED AT SELFRIDGE FIELD

STUDENT AVIATOR FALLS 1500 FEET WHEN MACHINE GETS BEYOND CONTROL.

### IS THE FIRST FATAL ACCIDENT

Victim Had Passed Necessary Tests For Reserve Military Airmen—Slated For Lieutenantcy.

Mt. Clemens.—His airplane turning turtle, making two complete loops and falling to recover, Wilbur A. Mong, of Titusville, Pa., student aviator at Selfridge Aviation field, Mt. Clemens, fell 1,500 feet at 10:30 o'clock Saturday morning and was instantly killed.

The theory is that Mong fainted because of the high altitude, fell across the controls, and prevented the machine from righting itself. Although there have been several accidents and falls at Selfridge field since the aviation school was opened in July, this is the first fatality.

Mong was making his third flight of the morning. When the accident occurred his machine was making what is known as a "tail spin," a straight dive for the ground from a high altitude with the tail of the machine whirling around. Suddenly the machine turned turtle, made two complete turns, and, upside down, slid off at a tangent toward the ground.

Recently Mong passed the necessary tests for reserve military airmen, and was in line for a lieutenantcy. When the fatal flight was being made, he was doing advanced or "stunt" flying.

He was regarded at the government school as one of the most proficient flyers.

The machine fell across the river from the military reservation. Several aviators who were making flights saw the fall and landed near the wreckage of the machine. Surgeons on motorcycles and ambulances arrived 15 minutes later, after making a necessary detour through Mt. Clemens.

Mong enlisted in the aviation service in May in Ithaca, N. Y.

### TEUTONS LAUD POPE'S PLAN

Express Hope That Pontiff's Peace Appeal Meets With Success.

Amsterdam.—The German government, in its reply to the peace note of Pope Benedict, a copy of which has been received here, "cherishes a lively desire" that the appeal may meet with success.

Peace would come from the recent proposals of Pope Benedict if belligerent nations would enter into negotiations in the sense of the pontiff's suggestions. Emperor Charles of Austria-Hungary says in his reply to the Vatican note, a copy of which also reached here.

Emperor of Austria-Hungary sees in the Pope's peace plan a suitable basis for starting negotiations toward a just and lasting peace and expresses the hope that the nations opposing his own may be animated by the same idea.

The Austrian emperor admits the future arrangement of the world must be based on the elimination of armed force and on the rule of international justice and legality.

Freedom of the seas is one of the peace hopes of Emperor Charles in order that heavy material burdens could be taken from the nations of the earth and new sources of prosperity opened to them.

### Oakland Rushes Road Building.

Pontiac.—Letting of a contract for two and a half miles of gravel road in Springfield township, to be completed this fall, provides the last link in the good road from Detroit to Holly.

### Grayling Postmaster Resigns.

Grayling.—Postmaster John Hunn, of this city, has sent his resignation to the postoffice department. Mr. Hunn says the department has failed to provide large enough quarters, proper furniture to work with or sufficient help.

### Dynamite Explosion Kills Man.

Big Bay.—John Buda, who had been blasting trees, was killed when 20 boxes of dynamite exploded at the Independence Lumber Co. headquarters.

### Drafted Man Loses Leg.

Mt. Pleasant.—Frank Tuck, 22, who started from Denver township to report to the exemption board here, fell between freight cars at Rosebush as he attempted to catch a train and his right leg was cut off.

### FRENCH CHECK TEUTON DRIVES

Heavy Losses Inflicted—German Aircraft Attack England.

London.—Violent attacks by the German crown prince against the new French positions northeast of Verdun Monday were checked with heavy losses by General Petain's men and the Germans gained nothing.

The assaults began with an attack on a front of about one mile and a quarter north of the Bois Le Chaume. Only in the center of the assaulting line were the Germans able to reach the French positions, the artillery dispersing them elsewhere. The French fought valiantly and remained masters of the situation after inflicting heavy losses on the Germans.

### German Aircraft Attack England.

London.—A fleet of German airplanes and Zeppelins raided England Monday night. Six persons were reported killed and 20 injured in the attacks on southeastern coast towns.

The German planes appeared over the southeastern district of London soon after 8 o'clock and the engagement lasted until nearly half past nine. The raiders were scattered. Many star shells were used by the defense guns.

Several German Zeppelins appeared across the coast of Yorkshire and Lincolnshire.

### MOTHER HANGS SELF AND GIRLS

Crazed Woman Takes Life of Three Babies Before She Suicide.

Detroit.—Constant brooding over the fancied infidelity of her husband, cumulated Saturday afternoon in sudden dementia which caused Mrs. Julia Mikola to kill her three baby daughters and herself.

The children were Irene, 5 years old; Olga, 3 years old, and Yolanda, 1 1/2 years old.

Two small sons an hour later found the bodies of their mother and sisters hanging in four separate rooms of the Mikola home. Mrs. Mikola had sent the boys out to play that she might have time to clear for her tragic purpose.

In a note to her husband, John Mikola, the crazed woman insisted she could not bear to have her little girls grow up and marry unfaithful men, as had been her case. Life held nothing but pain for her, and she felt it her duty to prevent her babies undergoing a like drab existence, she said in the letter.

### TEXAS GOVERNOR IS OUSTED

State Senate Impeaches Executive On Corruption Charges.

Austin, Tex.—Governor James E. Ferguson has been impeached by the state senate. The senate high court sustained 10 of the 21 charges in the bill of impeachment, which had been returned to it by the lower house committee of the whole.

The vote on the first article—that he used \$5,000 of state funds to settle a personal obligation—was sufficient to convict. A two-thirds vote was necessary. The ballot was 27 to 4.

Nine other charges showing corruption were sustained.

The governor is completely severed from the position to which he was twice elected by the people. Acting Governor William P. Hobby, an editor of Beaumont, assumes the full power of office. His tenure will extend to January, 1919.

### Beakes Is Declared Elected.

Washington.—Former Congressman Samuel W. Beakes, of Ann Arbor, Mich., was by practically unanimous vote of elections committee No. 3, adjudged entitled to the seat in the house, now occupied by Bark Bacon, of Wyandotte, as representative of the Second Michigan district.

Action by the house is expected to wait until the regular session next winter.

### Belgian Queen Asks Cake Recipe.

Escanaba.—Miss Grace McColl, of this city, has received a request from the queen of Belgium for a recipe of a fruit cake which King Albert of Belgium sampled while on a visit to England. A friend of Miss McColl, while leaving for England, was presented with the cake. The king was entertained at the home of a wealthy family, where it was served. He was so pleased he wanted to know the recipe. He was told the name of the Escanaba girl.

### Selfridge Aviators Leave Soon.

Mt. Clemens.—High flyers at Selfridge aviation field are bringing their training courses to a close for the winter—and preparing for a trip to France in the very near future. Those men having the most experience and commissioned men will be sent to France and the others will go to a southern training camp. By Nov. 1 the camp will be entirely deserted except for the guard. Those ordered to active duty in France will receive a five day furlough before leaving.

## SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS IN FAR OFF NORTHLAND.

### ITEMS FROM THE OLD HOME

Resume of the Most Important Events in Sweden, Norway and Denmark—Of Interest to the Scandinavians in America.

#### NORWAY.

Washington.—Norway is likely to fare better than any other neutral under the rulings of the exports administrative board. Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, head of the Norwegian economic mission, is understood to have made such strong guarantees that the United States is ready to deal liberally with his government in the matter of foodstuffs and other commodities needed. Norway has received protests against some things of benefit to Germany that have slipped by Norwegian officials. Doctor Nansen was sent for expressly to straighten out this complication. It is stated on highest authority that Doctor Nansen admitted that in the past there had been negligence in dealing with imports from the United States. The Norwegian government stands pledged absolutely to prevent any imports from reaching Germany or her allies. It is stated that license for a number of cargoes destined for Norwegian ports will be issued within a few days. According to Norwegian advices 21 Norwegian merchant ships, with an aggregate tonnage of more than 41,000, were lost in August. Twenty-three seamen were killed and five are missing.

Conrad Mikkelsen, who has just returned from a trip to Norway, says: "Sweden is full of German sympathizers. Norway, on the other hand, has no place for them, and whenever it can quietly do the allies a good turn it does so. Norway's only concern is a fear that a famine will be forced on the Scandinavian countries if war is not brought to an early end. It is becoming increasingly difficult for Norway and Sweden to import food. Norway and Sweden suffer the worst effects of the war. Norway's losses in steamers, fishing smacks and vessels of all kinds is enormous. Not one-half of the losses have been reported. The boats in many instances have been torpedoed without notice. Popular sentiment is going through the same course which it has gone in this country. The people are in a mood to demand war."

With regard to foreign spies a correspondent writes to an American newspaper: "We are living in constant fear of a whole band of robbers. They fall upon us in a worse fashion than any footpads that ever assaulted us. We are compelled to look with suspicion and contempt upon all these high-toned foreigners who act so haughtily in our plain surroundings, boasting of their money and titles and colossal superiority. When we run up against 'barons' and 'counts' we feel as though we were in the presence of fugitive galleys slaves and paid bandits."

#### DENMARK.

T. Stauning, socialist member of the Danish cabinet and leader of that party in the rigsdag, finds much to approve in President Wilson's reply to the pope's peace proposal. Minister Stauning said: "I am of the opinion that President Wilson's answer to the pope's message is a highly promising sign and I see from it what I had expected. That Mr. Wilson does not wish the war to be continued to the end where there will be victors and defeated. I firmly believe that the president of the free United States will again be seen busy at bringing about peace. The paragraph of President Wilson's words which opposes a violation of the people's sovereignty, the imposing of indemnities, the splitting up of countries and the making of an egotistic and economic war will be read with joy by every one wishing a happy and lasting peace. I hope that Mr. Wilson's wise utterances may find echo and show their influence in other belligerent countries. The American people will doubtless understand that in little Denmark where I live there is a burning longing for peace, both on account of commiseration for our fellow beings and for the sake of future humanity and because industry, trade and commerce and the possibilities of the development of our own country are so highly dependent upon conditions in other countries. Therefore, as a Dane I am exceedingly glad to hear such convincing words as now again have been uttered by President Wilson, and hope that his endeavors may be continued and the goal reached before long."

Drinking and smoking will really be luxuries in Denmark under the new taxation program just introduced in the rigsdag. This provides for a special tax on wines equal to the retail price per bottle, and almost doubles the tax on beer, making it, according to the president of the Brewers' league, the highest in the world. The measure increases the tax on cigars, cigarettes and tobacco to from 20 to 33 per cent of the retail price. It fixes a special tax of 10 per cent on all sales of jewelry and precious stones. The income tax on incomes of more than \$1,500 is increased by 33 to 75 per cent. The property tax on property of the value of \$3,750 and upward is virtually doubled. A 25 per cent increase in railroad passenger and freight rates is provided.

#### SWEDEN.

Crop reports from Scandinavia—Weather unfavorable. Threshing progressing but quality not good. Imports made large and arrivals at all ports practically nothing. The agricultural outlook generally disastrous. Supplementing a previous decree prohibiting the feeding of wheat or rye to animals, the American minister at Stockholm reports that the Swedish government now forbids the use of growing wheat or rye as fodder for animals. An Atlantic Port.—Three Swedish freight steamships, the Africana, Mada and Bris, which have been held here for several weeks loaded chiefly with grain for Gothenberg, and unable to sail on account of the embargo, were ordered unloaded, and the vessels probably will return to South American trade, according to a report here. According to latest official statistics, Sweden's crops will this year be much under average, with the exception of potatoes, of which a normal yield is expected. Sweden will, therefore, be forced to considerable reduction of quantities of grain, regularly used for feeding domestic animals.

Fire broke out in the buildings on the royal farm on the Island of Hven, and the barns and other outbuildings were destroyed. About 40 cows and 27 hogs were burned to death. Large quantities of fodder were also lost. The entire loss was covered by insurance.

Regular mail and passenger traffic by hydroplanes between Sweden and Russia will be established in the near future, if negotiations now said to be in progress between Stockholm and Petrograd meet with success. During the war passengers and mail between the two countries often have been delayed days. In some cases weeks, causing considerable inconvenience to Swedish business men.

The Eolns Insurance company of Bergen has donated \$8,000 to charitable concerns.

In Gothenburg there are about 200 families who are unable to find rooms for rent, and the condition is getting worse. Much is done and still more is spoken and written with regard to the putting up of new buildings, but the supply is always behind the demand.

While the man who prints the Falun Kuriren was repairing his press it was accidentally set in motion, and he was so badly mutilated that he died the same day.

A farmer at Vause discovered interesting inscriptions on a rock in the open country. The pictures of seven viking ships are plainly visible. There is an old burial mound close by. Similar inscriptions have been found at Kallberg and in Jaderen. In every case of this kind there seven ships are outlined. It goes without saying that all these inscriptions date from the viking age. In a burial mound at Klepp was found a bronze sword from the twelfth or thirteenth century before Christ. It is a huge affair—over seven feet long and also very wide. It was covered by large stone slabs.

#### FINLAND.

New York.—Smashing a Scandinavian-American Athletic league record, Villar Kyronen today holds a notable victory over his old rival, Hannes Kolmalm. He defeated Kolmalm in the three-mile event at the annual Scandinavian-American games, winning in 15:27. The old record, 15:37, was set by Kolmalm in 1915. Both Kyronen and Kolmalm are Finlanders.

Helsingfors.—Russian troops occupied the parliament buildings here to prevent the reassembling of the landtag in defiance of the decision of the Russian government. The city is calm. The Helsingfors council of workmen's and soldiers' deputies has ordered the crews of warships to return to their vessels.

#### DENMARK.

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Violation of Denmark, if necessary to the realization of Germany's scheme to declare the Baltic sea closed was planned by the Kaiser as early as 1905. It is revealed in the secret correspondence between the German and Russian monarchs, recently found in the private archives of the exiled czar. The messages, from "Willy to Nicky," proposed to make Denmark, by intimidation, an ally to the scheme, and, failing, to occupy Denmark in case England declared war in opposition to the plan. The resolution to seize Denmark as ruthlessly as he has invaded Belgium was decided upon by the Kaiser after he met the czar clandestinely on the island of Bjorker in the Swedish coast.

Considerable increase in the infant death rate in Denmark because of scarcity of proper food, has caused alarm among Danish officials. Special consideration is, therefore, given to families in the new food legislation. Every child under two years of age will receive one quart of milk a day. To poor families this milk will be delivered at the expense of the royal food commission.

Denmark has been one of the most important breeding countries of Europe. This industry has to a large extent been dependent upon the importation of fodder. There is now the serious problem of feeding the greater part of Denmark's live stock on domestic fodder. But the greater part of these productions made from grain can be used for people, which means sharp competition at the present time in Denmark between human beings and domestic animals for the same feed. This will force the slaughter of a large number of cattle.

Ingenious Four-Year-Old. A little four-year-old was sent to the store to buy a lemon cream pie. Some time later she returned bearing it triumphantly in her arms and said: "I forgot the name of it, so I just asked for one wife embroidery on it."

Had Seen the "Ad." When formal announcement of Helon's engagement was made in the society column of the local paper, Dicky came running up to his sister, saying: "Oh, Helen, I saw your ad in the paper!"

## I.W.W. HAD PLANNED REVOLUTION IN U. S.

TESTIMONY IN SLACKER TRIAL REVEALS AGITATORS PLAN TO CRIPPLE COUNTRY.

### REVOLT WAS TO BE NATION-WIDE

Had Planned to Strike Blow When Soldiers Would Not Be Available to Check Movement.

Enid, Okla.—A revolution of 2,000,000 malcontents, nation-wide in scope, backed by the I. W. W. and 48 affiliated organizations, including the Working Class union, in which it was planned to apply the torch to small cities, shoot officers of the government and demolish all communication, was planned for July 27 last, according to the testimony of Will Hoover, state witness in the trial of 11 alleged anti-draft agitators from central Oklahoma.

The Industrial Workers of the World were to launch the uprising. Hoover said, "Hubert Munson, alleged state organizer of the Working Class union, told a meeting of the Friends local in an open cornfield near Sasakawa.

At a pre-arranged time the Working Class union was to capture small towns, take charge of banks, burn bridges and cut telegraph wires, while the I. W. W. cared for the larger cities in a like manner.

President Wilson and Governor Williams, of Oklahoma, Hoover said, Munson declared, would have to have such a large force of soldiers for personal protection and on the Mexican border that none would be available to send against the rebels.

Members, he said, were told by H. C. Spence, accused



Have you seen the new

UNBREAKABLE  
VACUUM BOTTLE?

## The Ferrostat

in one and two quart sizes

They are the best ever offered the public and positively guaranteed against breakage. Ask to see them.

## Central Drug Store

Grayling, Michigan

## Crawford Avalanche

O. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.  
One Year.....\$1.50  
Six Months......75  
Three Months......40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice, Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, SEPT. 27



## Labor is Loyal.

"Labor is loyal, say the delegates to that Gompers convention at Minneapolis."

"Of course labor is loyal," says an editorial in the Houghton Mining Gazette.

"Whoever said it wasn't?" adds Editor Guck.

Continuing, the well known Houghton newspaper man, who is just home from the Officers' Training camp at Fort Sheridan, says:

"Because there are a few loud shouting cranks yelling their heads off and inciting folks to treason and rebellion does not mean that labor follows their lead."

"And even those who make the most noise, the worst agitators of labor, are in reality, not rightful laboring men at all."

"Furthermore, they assuredly do not represent labor. They do misrepresent it. The I. W. W. is not labor. Just the opposite. The Moyer type is not labor. Just the type of men who make a living off of labor by pretending that they do represent labor."

"Labor is loyal of course. If it wasn't this nation never would get anywhere with any kind of a war. And 99 per cent of the citizens of this United States of ours is composed of laboring men."

"Any time there is a doubt about the loyalty of labor then heaven help this great nation of ours."

## Avalanche Tobacco Fund.

Previously acknowledged.....\$20.50  
Allen B. Failing......50  
Holger Hanson......2.00

\$23.00

## Get Your Piano Tuned.

R. F. Pomeroy, piano tuner of Bay City will be in town for a few days. Should your piano need tuning or repairing now is the time to have it done. All work guaranteed. Phone orders to Russell hotel.

FOR SALE—A good, five-passenger auto, cheap. New tires and one extra new tire. Car in good, running order. Would exchange for cattle. H. A. Pond, Grayling.

## RED CROSS NOTES

Hereafter the sewing rooms will be open afternoons only. Please give an afternoon or a part of an afternoon each week to Red Cross sewing.

Are you knitting? Are you knitting for yourself or for the men who are fighting for you? Does your husband need that sweater? And do you realize that a man in the trenches may die for the lack of it? Wake up! 700 knitted articles must be made in Crawford county before November 30.

## 31ST OFF FOR CAMP IN TEXAS.

Only Two Companies All that are Now in Grayling.

Traveling in four trains the Thirty-first Michigan today is somewhere on its way to Waco, Texas.

The boys entrained late Monday afternoon, after waiting most of the day for a fog to clear up. On the first section were most of the officers. The second section is commanded by Maj. Wilson; the third in command of Maj. Lake and the last under Maj. Cleary.

The four sections together comprised 170 cars. The 4,000 troops should arrive in Waco, Friday.

The field artillery and ambulance company No. 2 are all that are now left in the Grayling camp. These companies are expected to leave tomorrow for the southern training camp.

The old town is once more settling back to normal conditions. In this many of our people are glad but more are really sorry to have the troops leave. Those who are pleased to see the troops leave are so because of any aversion to the troops but because there will be some let-up in their work. Many of our merchants and clerks have been more than busy and now are looking forward to a rest and vacation.

During the time the soldiers have been here they have left thousands of dollars among our merchants, hotels, restaurants and other places of business, and this is duly appreciated by our business men. Also, as in former years, many old friendships have been renewed and new friendships made.

Their presence this summer has been most agreeable and among the members of the guard and our citizens there is a most cordial feeling. As the troop trains pulled out of Grayling there were many sorrowful people left behind. The soldier boys stand high in the esteem of the people of this city, and there welfare will be of much concern to all of us. That their service in actual warfare may be brief is the hope of everyone and we hope to see many of the old familiar faces at the Hanson reservation during the years to come.

FOR QUICK RESULTS, USE OUR WANT COLUMN—The Cost is Small.

## MOOSE ENJOY CHICKEN SUPPER.

President Emery of State Organization Makes Official Visit.

One of the banner meetings of Grayling Lodge No. 1162 Loyal Order of Moose, was held last Monday night when it had been announced that Thomas S. Emery, president of the state organization, was to make an official visit.

Five new members were initiated into the order that night—Dr. C. C. Curnalia of Roscommon, Geo. Brown, William Bradow, George Miller and Peter Jensen of Grayling. The initiation work was conferred in the Odd Fellow temple in order to arrange the banquet, that had been planned, in the Moose temple.

After the lodge ceremonies the members retired to the Moose club and lodge rooms and enjoyed a fine chicken supper. Nearly 100 pounds of foul had been provided for the occasion. Besides chicken there was plenty of delicious biscuits and gravy and other good things to go with them.

During the smokes there were short addresses by Dictator E. E. Matson, President Emery, Past Dictator Hans Petersen, Secretary A. B. Failing and Dr. C. C. Curnalia.

President Emery gave a very comprehensive outline of the workings of the Supreme lodge and inside information as to some of its members. He said that there were 84 subordinate lodges in Michigan and about 33 of these affiliated with the state organization, of which he is the president, and hopes before his term of office expires to have every lodge in the state united with the state association. He believed that much more effective legislation may be put thru the Supreme lodge by the unity of the subordinate lodges with the State association.

President Emery's home is in Port Huron. He is a hard-working member of the order and is doing everything possible toward the improvement of the order and the promotion of better Supreme laws and regulations. In his talk he established a firm friendship among the members of Grayling lodge.

During his visit here he was shown the sights about the city and the Military reservation and he speaks of glowing terms of Grayling and sees for our town a grand future.

It was well after midnight before the meeting closed, and every minute during the time was filled with eventful interest.

## INITIATE 17 CANDIDATES TUESDAY.

Members of Ambulance Company Unite With Masonic Order.

Thruout the time the troops of Michigan have been in Grayling many have been made master Masons in the local lodge temple.

This week the largest class that has ever passed the portals of Grayling masonic temple were duly initiated in all three degrees.

Monday evening fourteen were initiated in the first and second degrees. Tuesday afternoon three more received similar degrees. Tuesday evening the entire class of 17 received the initiation of the third degree. These young men all became members of Portsmouth lodge of Bay City. Five of the officers of that lodge came to Grayling to confer the work. They were ably assisted by local members of the order.

After the initiation ceremonies Grayling lodge served an appetizing luncheon to all present.

All the newly-made masons wore Uncle Sam's uniforms and are members of Ambulance company No. 2 of Bay City. They are as fine a lot of young men as ever graced the Masonic order and will be a credit to Portsmouth lodge.

The members of Grayling lodge consider it a patriotic privilege to be able to assist in this splendid work whenever called upon to do so. This is probably the last large class to be initiated in Grayling until, at least, next summer, when it is expected that more of Uncle Sam's army will be mobilized at the Hanson reservation.

## Public Notice.

The Grayling M. E. church building is undergoing structural alterations. A new brick edifice is in course of erection, it is to be completed on or about April 1st, 1918.

The Danish church society has kindly permitted the use of the Danish hall, known as "Danebod," for our services. Religious services will be held every Sabbath morning at 10:30, in the evening at 7:00 o'clock. All protestant people, citizens and strangers, are earnestly requested to attend these services in the Danish hall.

The usual Sunday school will be held in the Danish hall at 11:45 and immediately after morning service. Accommodations will be made for all classes.

Will parents please arrange to send or bring the children. We extend a hearty welcome to all.

Aaron Mitchell, Pastor.

## People Speak Well of Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have been selling Chamberlain's Tablets for about two years and heard such good reports from my customers that I concluded to give them a trial myself, and can say that I do not believe there is another preparation of the kind equal to them," writes G. A. McBride, Headford, Ont. If you are troubled with indigestion or constipation give them a trial. They will do you good.

FOR QUICK RESULTS, USE OUR WANT COLUMN—The Cost is Small.

## Experts Examine Du Pont Sewer.

Geo. S. Buckell, M. A., an expert on water analysis, of London, England, but now in the employ of the State of Michigan in the state board of health department, was in Grayling Tuesday to inspect the sewer owned and operated by the Du Pont company in this city.

For some time considerable agitation has been in progress over the fact that the water of certain wells on the south side of the village were being polluted, and it was claimed by some that there was seepage from the above mentioned sewers that reached the water veins.

Mr. Buckell made careful tests the day he was here and says that he is positive that no water or substance from the sewers reached any of the wells that have been complained of.

One of the tests used was to place an ounce of red aniline in the sewer at designated places near the wells, over which complaints had originated, and below the aniline the sewer was plugged up, thus the back-water causing a heavy pressure and if there were any leaks in the sewer the colored water would be forced out, and if the seepage reached the wells there would be positive discoloration of the water therein.

This was tried with painstaking effort and, as stated before, the expert says positively that there is no seepage from the sewers that reaches the wells.

Next investigation was made of the water contained in the main stream of the AuSable river to determine as to whether or not the sewage from the Du Pont sewers was injuring the fish and thus doing damage to the river. Samples of the sewage were taken at the factory and also at the outlet, with which to make minute examinations and tests at the State laboratories at Lansing. Among the tests to be made will be to place fish directly into the sewage samples diluted to various degrees of strength.

Mr. Buckell made a trip down the river for several miles in order to obtain full knowledge of the reported effects of the sewage to the water in the stream. He said that there were appearances of creosote on the surface of the water, however he would be unable to fully determine this until after laboratory analysis.

The fungus growth appearing in the bottom of the stream will also be analyzed and its cause determined, whether it be from the DuPont sewage, village sewage or from other causes. He says that judging from his superficial knowledge he believes that this is not due to the DuPont sewage for the acids obtained therein would have a tendency to destroy such growth rather than cause it.

The general report that there is a tar substance appearing at the bottom of the river, Mr. Buckell assures us, is a mistake and an utter impossibility. Manager C. T. Clark and head chemist Ford of the DuPont, were present at these examinations and seem just as anxious to remedy any defects as anyone else. They say that the Company stands ready to carry out any plan recommended by the State authorities.

## Local News

Robert Roblin came home Monday from Lansing to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Roblin and also friends.

Judge Oscar Palmer returned this morning from a business trip of a couple of days in Hillsdale and Lenawee counties.

Axel Peterson will return this week to Lansing to resume his studies at the M. A. C. He is taking a course in mechanical engineering.

Miss Nellie Charlefour, of Dreese's store, left yesterday on a week's vacation, which she expects to spend with friends in Bay City and Elkton.

Louie Joseph returned here the latter part of the week from an extended trip in many different cities, at which places he was selling Maxotires.

J. H. Grover of Riverview returned Saturday morning from Detroit, after a several days' visit. He was accompanied home by his daughter, Mrs. Wm. Fischer, Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Kraus returned last Friday night from a pleasant three weeks' vacation, spent in motoring thru many cities in Michigan. They drove about 1,500 miles.

Alvin LaChapelle and wife of Necedah, Wis., arrived in Grayling last week Thursday for a few weeks' visit at the home of the former's grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Adelbert Taylor.

Benj. B. Kraus arrived last Saturday from Elkhorn, Wis., and is visiting his mother, Mrs. A. Kraus, brothers and sisters. He is also enjoying a visit with many of his boyhood friends.

Miss Ruth Gauss of Minnesota, who has been spending almost all summer here visiting her cousin, Miss Agnes Havens, returned Monday afternoon from a ten days' visit with friends in Cadillac.

Mrs. C. A. Sheffer of Fenville returned home since the departure of the Thirty-second regiment for the South. Mrs. Sheffer with her husband, who is a member of the 32nd regiment band, occupied the Freeland cottage at Lake Margrethe.

Twenty members of the Ladies National League society enjoyed the hospitality of Mrs. George Larson last Thursday afternoon. The home was fragrant with bouquets of roses, and late in the afternoon Mrs. Larson served delicious refreshments.

Tuesday last L. J. Kraus purchased from the A. Kraus estate the hardware store of which he has been the manager for several years past.

Miss Blanche Goodale, sister of Mrs. Jesse Schoonover, who has been spending the past three weeks here, returned to her home in Lapeer last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Freeland were much surprised during the past week by a visit from Mr. Freeland's sister, Mrs. Ida Ladd and invalid husband of Onoway, and their daughter Miss Dolly and a gentleman friend, also a brother of Mr. Freeland's, both of whom he had not seen in ten years. Mr. Freeland's brother and wife will remain for a week's visit.

Misses Nola and Odie Sheehy entertained twenty guests at a miscellaneous shower at their home in honor of Miss Frida Olsen, Monday evening, who will soon become the bride of Mr. Guy Pringle of Mackinaw Island. All the young ladies left many pretty gifts for the coming bride. A dainty two-course lunch was served. The favors were hearts and pink roses.

Mrs. Falasdean, wife of Lieut. Col. E. V. Falasdean of the Thirty-second regiment, and daughter have returned to their home in Big Rapids, after spending three weeks here visiting the Colonel. While in the city they made their home with Mrs. Freeland, going to the military camp each morning. Since going home they sent Mrs. Freeland a fine picture of the Colonel.

## Correspondence.

## Eldorado Nuggets.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wellman Knight last Saturday Sept. 22, at six o'clock in the evening, in the presence of a few relatives and friends, was solemnized the wedding of their daughter, Miss Lucile, to George Pearsall Jr., formerly of Roscommon. They were attended by Miss Helen Richardson and Mr. Albert Kiemle. After the ceremony, performed by Rev. Aaron Mitchell of Grayling a number of their young friends came in and spent the evening till train time, a few of them accompanying the happy couple to the station. Both the young people are well and favorably known and have a host of friends who join in wishing them well. Mr. Pearsall is a teacher in the schools at Kenton, Ohio, where they will make their home.

Mrs. Mattie Punsch, who has been sick for the past week is some better. Mr. and Mrs. William Williams of Grayling and George Williams spent the week end with relatives here.

Mrs. Earl VanNatter of Alpena returned to her home Tuesday, after spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. W. L. Knight, having been present at the Knight-Pearsall wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Hartman of Red Oak are the guests of Mr. H's parents Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hartman.

Mrs. Morton Kline and little daughters, Helen and Elizabeth, who have been spending the summer at the home of Mrs. Kline's parents Mr. and Mrs. James F. Crane left Wednesday morning for their home in Louisville, Ky., stopping enroute at Battle Creek, Mich., and Upland, Ind.

Isadore Ochs of Detroit, a former resident of this place and of Roscommon made a flying trip thru here Monday calling on a few friends.

The dance given last Saturday evening by the E. L. C. was well attended, about seventy-five being present. The next regular meeting will be held Oct. 6. Everybody come.

## Card of Thanks.

We wish to extend our sincere thanks and appreciation to all friends and neighbors for their kindly assistance, sympathy and flowers during the lengthy illness and death of our husband, father and brother. This will always be remembered and appreciated.

MRS. THOS. REGAN and family.  
L. J. REGAN,  
MRS. DAN MCGINLEY,  
MRS. DAN ACKERMAN,  
MRS. GHO. E. COWELL and son.  
MRS. JAS. REGAN and son.

## Card of Thanks.

We wish to express our sincere thanks to our friends and neighbors who so kindly assisted during the illness and death of our mother and grandmother.

H. S. HAIRE,  
E. T. HAIRE,  
and family.

## Great Faith in Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy.

"Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy was used by my father about a year ago when he had diarrhoea. It relieved him immediately and by taking three doses he was absolutely cured. He has great faith in this remedy," writes Mrs. W. H. Williams, Stanley, N. Y.

## Experience the Best Teacher.

It is generally admitted that experience is the best teacher, but should we not make use of the experience of others as well as our own? The experience of a thousand persons is more to be depended upon than that of one individual. Many thousands of persons have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for coughs and colds with the best results, which shows it to be a thoroughly reliable preparation for those diseases. Try it. It is a prompt and effectual and pleasant to take. adv

## Fall and Winter Underwear

This is the season of the year when it is time to think of heavier underwear

## OUR NEW STOCK IS IN

and we want to assure the people of Crawford county that we are offering a quality that cannot be surpassed; they are made upon the most approved lines that suggest comfort and good appearance.

## FOR GENTLEMEN AND LADIES

WE HAVE THE

Stephenson  
Brand  
of  
Union  
and  
Two-Piece  
Suits



We have also a complete line of Underwear for Children.

## SALLING, HANSON CO.

The Pioneer Store

## WANTS

Advertisements will be accepted under this heading at the rate of 5 cents per line. No advance taken for less than 15 cents. There are about six words to the line. SEND MONEY WITH THE ORDER.

TEAMS WANTED—to haul cordwood. Highest wages will be paid. Steady work. Inquire at Johnson Bros' old camp, Alba, Mich., or DuPont Co., Grayling.

FOR SALE—Modern house with small barn, located on Park street near Mich. Ave.—good location. Phone 122 or address H. S. Haire, Grayling.

FOR RENT—New four room flat. Vacant about Nov. 1. Apply to Mrs. A. Friberg, corner of Rose and Vine streets.

WANTED—Middle aged woman for house-keeper. Good wages. No washing. Inquire of John Larson.

FOR SALE—House and lot, good location. S. L. Loader, 89 14th Ave., Detroit, Mich., also inquire of J. O. Goudrow.

TWO COAL STOVES—For sale at a bargain. One an old model, the other a Garland base burner burned three seasons. Here is a chance to get just what you want for the coming winter. Inquire at the Avalanche office.

FOR SALE—80 acres in Beaver Creek township, 6 miles south of Grayling and 4 miles north of Higgins lake. On it is a small 5 room house, wood shed, log barn, frame barn, hay shed, small orchard, and good well. Will sell on easy terms or will trade for Village property. Inquire of Dr. Palmer. 8-30-17.

FOR SALE—House and lot on McClellan St. Nine rooms, sewer, shed, bath and furnace. A bargain at \$1,000 cash. Address J. Overton, R. F. D. No. 1, Flint, Mich. tf.

## Stomach and Liver Troubles.

No end of misery and actual suffering is caused by disorders of the stomach and liver, and may be avoided by the use of Chamberlain's Tablets. Give them a trial. They only cost a quarter.

## An Ideal Place to spend your Vacation

## Skingley Hotel

Evergreen Park Higgins Lake  
BOARD BY THE DAY OR WEEK  
Rates Reasonable

Boating Bathing Fishing

## WALL PAPERING and DECORATING

The latest and most approved designs for wall covering. Also all kinds of house painting.

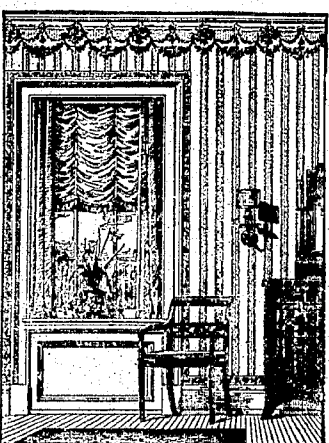
## EXPERT WORKMANSHIP

ORDERS PRO PTLY LOOKED AFTER

## Conrad Sorenson

Painter and Decorator  
Phone 611 Grayling

## The Newest Designs and Best Workmanship at Most Moderate Prices



USING

## Henry Bosch Company's WALL PAPERS

C. A. SMITH  
Paper Hanging and Decorating

Phone 314

LOST—A Mackinaw coat, Wednesday evening, Sept. 19. Finder please notify Oscar Deckrow.

**REMINGTON-UMC REVOLVER and PISTOL CARTRIDGES**

MOST men use their revolvers but seldom. Yet they hold pronounced opinions about their ammunition—due to the force of example!

That is Remington-Union-Curtis opinion. You see your guide with a belt full of Remington-UMC. You find your dealer handing you Remington-UMC as a matter of course. You hear the men at the Pistol and Rifle Club insisting on Remington-UMC as strongly in .22 caliber shorts as in the .45 automatics.

There's a thought here for every man who is shooting any kind or make of pistol or revolver. Remington-UMC Revolver or Pistol Cartridges are produced for every standard make and caliber of arm.

Sold by Sporting Goods Dealers in Your Community

Clean and oil your gun with REM OIL, the combination Powder Solvent, Lubricant and Rust Preventive

THE REMINGTON-ARMS-UNION-METALLIC CARTRIDGE CO., Inc.  
Largest Manufacturers of Firearms and Ammunition in the World  
Woodworth Buildings, New York

**WANT A GOOD POSITION?**  
PREPARE FOR ONE IN PROSPEROUS DETROIT BY ATTENDING ACCREDITED SCHOOL—THE

**DETROIT Business University**

SEND FOR FREE BULLETIN 616 EIGHTH AND WEST GRAND RIVERS



## A GERMAN SUBMARINE

is not half so dangerous as the drug clerk who tells you he has something "just as good."

### We Never Substitute

What you call for at this store, that you receive.  
What your prescription calls for, that it contains.  
That is the iron-clad rule upon which our entire business rests.  
Come to the store that sells what you want.

## A. M. LEWIS

Your Druggist Phone 18

Delicious Fountain Drinks and Sundaes

### Local News

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, SEPT. 27

"We must exert all our power and employ all our resources to bring the Government of the German Empire to terms and end the war."

Woodrow Wilson,  
President of the United States.

Mrs. Fred Mutton of Bay City is here visiting friends for a few days.

Miss Gladys Redmond of Cheboygan is a guest of Mrs. P. P. Mahoney.

We just received this week a fresh supply of Taniac. A. M. Lewis, druggist.

Hodge & King of the Royal Cafe, have opened a similar cafe in Battle Creek.

Don't blame the child if he fails to make the grade. It may be the eyes are at fault. See Hathaway about them.

Wild Glory is now waving over the classic city of Cheney, and their school is in full blast under the management of Miss Ruby Richardson.

Just you see the fine line of the latest New York styles in Ladies' fall and winter hats. Call and see them. Mrs. Edward Sorenson, corner Peninsula avenue and Ottawa street.

Mrs. Fred Beaudry, wife of Capt. Beaudry of the 31st regiment, and daughter of Detroit, made a ten day visit with the Captain here. They stopped at the home of Mrs. Freeland while here.

The Artillery and the Ambulance company base ball teams crossed bats at the Grayling base ball park Sunday afternoon. The Ambulance boys were completely routed by the artillery fire of the enemy, the latter running in ten scores and blanking the Ambulance company boys.

Mrs. Rasmus Rasmussen and daughter Miss Elvira left Monday afternoon for Detroit, being called there by the death of the former's little granddaughter, little Harriet Newton, the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Roy Newton. Mrs. Newton, before her marriage was Agnes Rasmussen.

A number of couples took advantage of the lovely summer day last Saturday and went to Jones lake near here for a fishing and outing trip. The merry party included Dr. and Mrs. J. J. Love, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Schomover, Miss Goodale of Lapeer, Mrs. Holger Hanson, Mr. and Mrs. Devere Burgess, Mr. and Mrs. Clark Yost and Mr. and Mrs. Earl Kidd.

Joe Burton is driving a new Buick six.

Get your tires and tubes at Burke's garage.

Mrs. Earl Kidd, is playing with Clark's orchestra at the Gaylord fair this week.

Benjamin Laurent of Chicago is here visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. Mose Laurent.

Your children will do better work in school if you relieve the eyestrain with Hathaway's glasses.

Mrs. Alice McGregor is spending a two weeks' vacation with friends at Rose City and West Branch.

The Grayling Electric company have arranged to supply day service Tuesday and Friday forenoons of each week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Joseph returned Saturday morning from their vacation trip thru different cities in southern Michigan.

A good line of Ladies', Misses' and Children's hats. Call and see them at Mrs. Edward Sorenson's, corner Peninsula avenue and Ottawa street.

Mrs. Wilford Cameron of this city is teaching in the schools at Frederic until another teacher can be supplied. Mrs. Cameron was formerly Miss Minnie Thompson of Maple Forest township.

Mrs. Park of Detroit was a guest at the J. M. Bunting home last Sunday, coming here to visit her son, who was at the mobilization camp here with the 31st Infantry, holding the position of secretary to the Adjutant of that infantry.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Feldhauser, Jr. and Mrs. W. Woodburn and lady friend and Mr. and Mrs. Roberts, and the latter's mother, Mrs. Van Valkenburg, all of Maple Forest, were guests of Mrs. Frank Freeland and Mrs. Clark Yost over last Sunday.

Corp. Benjamin Survol of Battery A, First Field Artillery, of the State Mobilization camp, and Miss Mollie Goldstone of Detroit were united in marriage in the latter city Tuesday evening of last week. They arrived in this city Wednesday morning to spend their honeymoon and have been guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. Brenner.

Post cards received from Mr. and Mrs. I. Hanson, who are enjoying an auto trip in the east, say that they are being favored with ideal weather and perfect roads. Among the places already visited are the Catskill and Adirondack mountains and foothills; along the Susquehanna, Delaware and Hudson rivers; and New York city. They were about to start on a trip for Northern New York thru the Berkshire and White mountains, to Lake George and Montreal.

Price Spoor is enjoying a visit with his parents in Milford, Mich.

See Geo. L. Alexander & Son before purchasing automobile insurance.

Mrs. Chris F. Hanson of this city is very ill at this time at the Mercy hospital.

Mrs. Ida Harrison of Standish is visiting her nephew John Cuthbertson and family.

Miss Bernadette Cassidy spent last Sunday in Cheboygan visiting relatives and friends.

Mrs. Olaf Michelson has been appointed chairman of the Liberty Loan committee of Crawford county.

Fred Nairn and wife of Sigma were in Grayling Monday calling on friends and also attending to some business matters.

Roadmaster Brisboe and wife are the proud parents of a fine baby girl born to them last Friday at Mercy hospital, this city.

Francis Burgess has returned to his home in Lansing, after a several week's visit with his brother Devere Burgess and family.

Mr. Long, who is at his summer home down the AuSable near Lovella, spent last Friday here a guest at the J. Schomover home.

Peerless laundry—Work called for Wednesday mornings, and delivered Saturdays. Also dry cleaning. Burton and Bugby, agents, Grayling.

The Crawford county grange announces that they will serve ice cream and cake at their meeting in the G. A. R. hall Saturday afternoon, October 6. All are cordially invited to attend. 9-27-2

Alderman "Bob" Mundie, wife and daughter of Bay City, visited the 2nd Ambulance company at the Military camp Tuesday. The members of that company are nearly all Bay City boys.

Meatless Tuesdays and wheatless Wednesdays have been ordered by Food Director Hoover, to begin October 1st in Michigan. Be on the lookout for definite orders, for the drive is on to save the food supply.

Victor Petersen of Ambulance company No. 2 spent a couple of days in Detroit last week visiting his sister, Mrs. Pobursky and brother Peter who reside there. He leaves Grayling with his company some time this week.

W. J. Heric spent last week in Flint, returning home Friday, accompanied by his wife, who had been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. C. Nielsen. They were also accompanied by Mrs. Heric's sister, Geraldine Nielsen, who will spend several weeks here.

Miss Rose Tranzo of Detroit returned to her home yesterday after a few days' visit with her sister, Mrs. James Sherman of South Branch township. Miss Tranzo was also a guest of Mrs. Joseph McLeod in Grayling for a few days.

Mrs. John Charlefour returned Saturday from a few days' visit with her daughter and family in Cadillac. She was accompanied by her little granddaughter, Madonna Carriveau, who will remain here for some time on account of ill-health.

Official notice has been received by the local draft board that the next contingent for the draft army will not be called out October 3, as had been previously announced, because the camp at Battle Creek is not prepared to receive them. No definite date has been set for the men to report.

A very pleasant triple birthday party was held at the residence of Frank Whipple last Monday in honor of Uncle Perry and Aunt Libby Ostrander and their son Elmer. The many presents to Grandpa and Grandma were very nice and were appreciated and their Seventy-sixth anniversary will long be held in pleasant remembrance.

The Macelona Herald of last week makes the following announcement: "Roy Lather of Traverse City, who is well known here, and Miss Pearl Eastcott of Alba, were married in Petoskey Sept. 12. The bride is the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Eastcott." Mr. Lather is the able assistant of his father Contractor George Lather, who has built many of Grayling's fine buildings. He has numerous friends in Grayling who extend best wishes to the young couple.

Last Saturday night while two of our well known citizens were out for a walk and fresh air, one of them tripped on a sidewalk near the school house and fell down and skinned his face badly. His partner attempted to pick him up and at about that time three husky young Grayling boys happened along and that the latter was being robbed and immediately pounced upon the supposed robber and gave him a good drubbing, blacking one eye and doing considerable other bodily damage. It was some time before the boys realized their mistake after which they took to their heels, leaving the bewildered victims to figure out "just how it happened."

The Gaylord fair is on this week and hundreds of Grayling people are in attendance. Those who have been attending, say that the principal attractions are the ball games, aeroplane flights and horse races. Yesterday the business places of Grayling closed to enable the proprietors and clerks to attend the fair. The famous Mt. Clemens base ball team, of which Tom Stephens is the owner, has been walking away with all the games. The Soo team, champions of Northern Michigan, bit the dust before the Stephens bunch Tuesday and yesterday the supposedly fast Alpena team were humbled likewise by a score of 48 to 0. The Mt. Clemens team far outclassed any of the other teams that were in attendance at the tournament. Grayling band is furnishing music during the three days of the fair.

PHONE 1251

NEW IDEA PATTERNS

## THE FALL FASHIONS ARE HERE

We never were so proud of the showing of Ladies' Suits and Coats as we are this season

Suits \$18.00 to \$35.00

Coats \$12.00 to \$45.00

New arrival of Ladies' Dresses and Waists.  
They are worth your inspection

Dresses \$15.00 to \$25.00

Waists \$4.00 to \$8.00

Serges and Silk

Georgettes and Silks

New models in Gossard  
Corsets and Brassieres

Corsets \$2.00 to \$5.00


Brassieres 50c to \$2.50

Kayser Silk and Cham-  
oisette Gloves for fall and  
winter. Silk Silk gloves  
are lined.

75c to \$2.00

The new fall Millinery  
is now ready for your  
choosing. Choice Hats at

\$2.50 to \$8.00



*This is  
Styleplus Week  
from  
Maine to  
California!*

Styleplus \$17  
Clothes

The same prices the nation over

Styleplus \$21  
Clothes

*The Big Buy*

**Always the greatest possible value at the price**

**WE** are joining with the progressive merchants from coast to coast who are this week making a special display of Styleplus suits and overcoats.

For three years the makers have maintained Styleplus at \$17 in the face of war conditions. They bought in advance, operated on an increasingly larger scale, and thus kept costs down.

When the United States entered the war the fabric market underwent violent changes. To meet these new conditions a \$21 grade was added, thus insuring you an even wider selection in fabrics and models.

*Style plus all-wool fabrics + perfect fit + expert workmanship + guaranteed wear*

**GRAYLING MERCANTILE CO.**

## New Buckeye Kitchen Cabinet Only \$14.98

The new Buckeye Cabinet is well known, has sliding table top, white enamel inside cupboard, swinging flour bin, upper panel in doors are filled with art glass and curtain roll on lower cupboard. Entire front is made of selected oak. We are offering you this fine cabinet, which will save you miles of steps, at only

**\$14.98**

Price named is strictly cash f. o. b. factory.

For further information ask the clerk.

## SORENSEN BROS.

The Home of Dependable Furniture.

## HAVE ADDED A STOCK OF SHOES

—and am going to save shoe-wearers some good, hard-earned money. This line was purchased directly from the makers, not thru jobbers, and thus we can save you one man's profit.

### FOR DRESS and WORK WEAR

We will save you money and also guarantee the quality.

### Rapid Shoe Repair Shop

E. J. OLSON, Prop'r.  
Next Door to Central Drug Store

## L. J. KRAUS

SUCCESSOR TO

## THE A. KRAUS ESTATE, Hardware

Having purchased the hardware store of the A. Kraus Estate, I wish to thank the people of Grayling and vicinity for their patronage given us in the past and solicit your further patronage, and I can assure you that you will receive first-class goods and prompt attention at this store in the future.

Yours for Business,

**L. J. KRAUS**



## HUDSONAUTOMAN GLAD TO TESTIFY

Thought Trouble Would Keep  
Him From Working Any-  
more, He Says.

### HIS HEALTH RESTORED

"I'm Glad to Tell Anybody About  
a Thing That Did as Much For Me  
as Tanlac Has," Says De-  
troit Man.

"Yes sir, I am glad to tell anybody  
about a thing that did as much for me  
as Tanlac has," said Elmer Doonan,  
who is employed by the Hudson Motor  
Co., Detroit, Mich., as an assembler and  
has many friends among the automo-  
bile workers. "I think it's only right,"  
he continued, "to pass the good word  
along, for it was what I read in the  
papers about Tanlac that caused me to  
take it and get rid of this trouble that  
looked like it was going to keep me  
from working any more."

"For a long time I have had rheu-  
matism in my limbs. The trouble was  
principally in my hands and wrists; in  
fact, the pains extended all the way  
down to my finger tips and my wrist  
would swell up and caused me to suf-  
fer something terrible. I just can't tell  
you how much I did suffer. I couldn't  
get any rest at nights on account of  
the pain and would get out of bed in  
the mornings so tired and worn-out it  
was all I could do to drag myself back  
to work. I finally got so bad I was  
losing a great deal of time for my work  
and the use of my fingers and I simply  
couldn't keep up in my condi-  
tion."

"After trying nearly everything and  
getting no better I was just about  
ready to give up trying any more. That  
is just the shape I had gotten into  
when I read about this Tanlac. I have  
now used three bottles and I sleep fine  
at nights, have a splendid appetite and  
am relieved of the troubles from which  
I suffered so long after other medicines  
failed to do me any good and if my  
statement will help anybody else to get  
relief from troubles like I had I'm glad  
to give it."

There is a Tanlac dealer in your  
town. Adv.

### DON'T FORGET THE HORSE!

There Was Another Hero in Wild  
Midnight Ride of Paul Revere,  
Reminds a Writer.

Paul Revere's name was made im-  
mortal when he rode from Boston to  
Lexington and Concord, warning the  
patriots along the way of the British  
approach, and his fame has been se-  
curely enshrined in the hearts of all  
Americans.

Historians have honored themselves  
in honoring him. Poets have found in-  
spiration in praising him. He is an  
ideal of childhood, an example in the  
prime of manhood and a solemn mem-  
ory of old age.

How few characters loom up like  
great peaks above the mountain ranges  
of time!

And Paul Revere was one of these.  
He was one of the precious few great  
enough to grasp an opportunity to do  
an incalculable good to mankind.  
But while we give deserved glory to  
Paul Revere, let us no longer forget  
that there was another hero in that  
wild midnight ride, says a writer in  
the Christian Herald.

There was the horse.  
"Any other horse might have done as  
well," you think? Well, so might any  
other man have done as well, perhaps.  
So might we flippantly disparage any  
hero.

But the fact remains that it was Paul  
Revere's horse that did it. And the  
harder work fell on the horse. But for  
the true horse's faithfulness, Paul Re-  
vere would have been a failure.

**Gave Him Away.**  
Mrs. Brandyball returned home one  
afternoon from quite an extended visit  
to her old home. Among the first  
questions put to her mind was:

"Have you noticed that my husband  
missed me very much when I was  
away, Annie?"

"Well," said Annie, "I didn't notice  
it so much at first, but yesterday he  
seemed to be in despair."

**A Sticker for Pop.**

"Pa."  
"Well, my son."  
"How can a solid fact leak out?"

A forgiving disposition is the first  
law of self-preservation.

**If**  
you never  
tasted  
**Grape-Nuts**  
FOOD  
you have  
missed  
one of the  
good things  
in life

## HOME-READING COURSE for CITIZEN-SOLDIERS

Issued by the War Department and All  
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### MARCHING AND CARE OF FEET.

The new soldier seldom understands  
how important it is for him to learn to  
march and develop his muscles so that  
he can easily carry his arms and equip-  
ment. "Marching constitutes the prin-  
ciple occupation of troops in cam-  
paign," (Infantry Drill Regulations,  
paragraph 623.) Modern trench warfare  
in Europe has for the time being re-  
duced the amount of marching re-  
quired in campaign; yet it remains  
just as important an element in the  
soldier's training as it ever was.

In order to march for long distances  
the soldier's feet must be in good con-  
dition. As has been aptly remarked,  
"the infantryman's feet are his means  
of transportation." Special attention  
should be paid to the fitting of shoes  
and the care of the feet. Marching  
shoes should be quite a little larger  
than shoes for ordinary wear. "Sores  
and blisters on the feet should be  
promptly dressed during halts. At the  
end of the march feet should be bathed  
and dressed; the socks, and if practi-  
cable the shoes, should be changed." (Infantry Drill Regulations, para-  
graph 627.)

You will learn in time the practical  
rules for taking care of your feet that  
are followed by experienced soldiers.  
You will avoid considerable discom-  
fort, however, if you learn some of  
these rules now and put them into  
practice from the very beginning.

1. See that your shoes are large  
enough. They will at first look and  
feel unnecessarily loose. This is need-  
ed because it has been found that feet  
swell and lengthen on marches, espe-  
cially when carrying packs. But shoes  
fitted this way will give you no corns,  
blisters, or other foot ills. In fact,  
they will cure any that you may  
already have.

2. Take pains to keep your shoes in  
good condition. It is a good idea to  
apply a light coat of neat's-foot oil,  
which will both soften the leather and  
tend to make them waterproof. Don't  
neglect to smooth out wrinkles in the  
lining of the shoe.

3. Wear light woolen socks, such as  
will be issued to you. See that they  
have no holes or wrinkles in them. If  
a hole has been worn and cannot be  
mended at once, change the sock from  
one foot to the other so that your foot  
will not be irritated more than is nec-  
essary.

4. Keep your feet, socks and shoes  
clean. When on the march try to wash  
your socks at night and put on a clean  
pair every morning. Bathe the feet  
every evening, or at least wipe them  
off with a wet towel.

5. Keep your feet scrupulously clean.  
A foot bath can be taken when other  
facilities are not at hand, by scraping a  
small depression in the ground, throw-  
ing a poncho over it and pouring water  
into this from your canteen. Even a  
pint of water will do for a foot bath.

6. Keep your toe nails trimmed  
closely and cut them square across the  
ends. This will tend to prevent in-  
growing nails. By all means avoid the  
common error of rounding the corners  
of the nail and cutting it to a point in  
the center.

7. In case a blister is formed while  
on the march, open the edge of the  
blister with the point of a knife or a  
needle that has been heated in a match  
flame. Be sure to squeeze all the fluid  
out of the blister. To leave any in it  
may make it worse. Do not pull off  
the loose skin, but press it back. Then  
put on an adhesive plaster, covering  
the skin well beyond the edges of the  
blister, putting it on as tightly as pos-  
sible without wrinkles. In the same  
way put an adhesive plaster over any  
red or tender spots.

8. In case any tendons become in-  
flamed or swollen (usually due to lac-  
ing the leggings or shoe too tightly or  
to some other unnecessary pressure),  
soak the foot in cold water, massage  
the tendon, and protect it as  
much as possible by strips of adhesive  
plaster. You should report to a medi-  
cal officer at your first opportunity to  
make sure that the trouble does not  
grow worse.

One sign of a green soldier is his  
tendency to drink too much water  
while on a long march. The experi-  
enced man gorges his mouth and  
throat once in a while, but drinks only  
in sips and does not overload his stom-  
ach with either water or food.

Another sign of a green soldier is a  
carelessly adjusted pack or any other  
equipment not neatly and securely  
fastened. Your comfort on the march  
depends very largely on the care and  
judgment used in getting ready. All  
your equipment has been so designed  
that it need not interfere with the free  
movement of your arms and legs. Your  
pack should be strapped to your back  
in such a way that you can stand erect  
and breathe freely. There should be  
no pressure on any of the soft parts  
of the body. You will march most  
easily if you keep your body erect and  
do not permit yourself to slouch or  
sway from side to side.

When the command is given to halt  
and fall out for a few minutes loosen  
your pack and rest back on it in a sit-  
ting or lying position. If possible, lie  
with your feet higher than the head,  
so as to let the blood flow out of the  
legs into the body and rest your heart.  
During the first few halts you may not  
feel tired, but rest as completely as  
you can anyway. Look forward to the  
end of the march and try to handle  
yourself so that you will be strong  
and fresh at the finish.

At the first halt it is well to readjust  
the pack or any part of the equipment  
not entirely comfortable. If your shoes  
or leggings are laced too tightly, this  
is the time to loosen them.

A cheerful attitude is one of the best  
aids to a soldier on a trying march.  
Singing or whistling, on the march is  
usually not only allowed but encour-  
aged. They help wonderfully to make  
the long road seem shorter.

These are all very simple rules, but  
none the less important. Keep them in  
mind.

### RECREATION IN CAMP.

While your days in the cantonments  
will be spent chiefly in drilling and  
other forms of training, you will have  
a considerable amount of time left  
free for your own use. Under some  
conditions permission may be given at  
times to leave the cantonment for  
short periods. However, this is a  
matter to be regulated in each camp.

If you do go away from the camp on  
leave, you will continue to wear your  
uniform and will keep in mind always  
that you remain a soldier, subject to  
certain requirements that are not so  
definitely imposed on civilians. In  
meeting officers, whether in the camp  
or outside, you are expected always to  
treat them with proper courtesy and  
respect. You should remember, also,  
even though you are not directly under  
supervision, to keep up your soldierly  
neatness and bearing.

Congress has provided that "It shall  
be unlawful to sell any intoxicating  
liquor, including beer, ale, or wine, to  
any officer or member of the military  
forces while in uniform," an exception  
being made in case of liquor received  
for medical purposes. Under authority  
of the same act it has also been ruled  
that alcoholic liquors shall not be sold  
within five miles of any military camp,  
an exception being made in case there  
is an incorporated city or town within  
that limit. It has further been pro-  
vided that "the keeping or setting up  
of houses of ill fame, brothels, or  
bawdy houses within five miles of any  
military camp . . . is prohibited." All  
these provisions and restrictions are  
in the interest of every right-minded  
soldier. They go a long way to-  
ward insuring clean and healthful liv-  
ing conditions in the camps. They will  
help to make every soldier more ef-  
ficient and better able to give a good  
account of himself.

One of the centers of army life in  
camp is the post exchange, at which  
articles for personal use, knickknacks,  
soft drinks, and so on, are sold. You  
will be safe in depending on the good  
quality and fair price of everything  
offered in the post exchange.

In general, the matter of providing  
for recreation and personal comforts  
in the cantonments has been intrusted  
by the secretary of war to a small  
body of men known as the commission  
on training camp activities. The com-  
mission includes an army officer and  
representatives of organizations that  
have had much experience in meeting  
the needs of men of the type who will  
go into the national army. It will  
have the co-operation of the Young  
Men's Christian association and the  
Knights of Columbus. Other associa-  
tions may also work with the com-  
mission. This task of attending to the  
social needs of the soldiers has been  
organized with almost as much care  
and thoroughness as the bigger task of  
making ready for the firing line.

The Young Men's Christian associa-  
tion has built a hut for the men in  
each brigade. In these huts moving  
picture or vaudeville shows will be  
given every night. Writing materials  
can be had for the asking. A piano  
will be at hand. The Knights of Col-  
umbus has one large building in each  
camp, in which there will be facilities  
of the same kind.

Both these organizations will conduct  
religious services every Sunday. Men  
of all creeds will be welcome. The  
secretaries and other officers in charge  
will be glad at any time to talk over  
any personal problems and to help you  
in any way they can. They are picked  
because of their willingness and skill  
in rendering service. They will al-  
ways make you welcome. Get in touch  
with either of these organizations as  
soon as you have opportunity after  
you reach the camp. The chaplain at-  
tached to each regiment also looks  
after the spiritual and moral welfare  
of the men.

In every cantonment there is a com-  
plete library building where you will be  
able to obtain books and magazines  
of all kinds. This is arranged with  
the help of the American Library as-  
sociation.

In each cantonment the commission  
on training camp activities has erected  
a large auditorium. This is to be  
used partly as a theater and partly for  
athletic instruction. Some of the best  
theatrical companies in the country  
will put on Broadway productions for  
your benefit. These performances will  
be free. A place will be provided for  
every one.

Those men who like singing will  
have plenty of chances to enjoy "sing  
songs" on a big scale. The commission  
has secured the services of well-known  
chorus leaders to take charge of camp  
singing.

A great deal of attention has been  
given to athletics. An expert will be  
developing the guidance of expert  
coaches. One of the members of the  
commission will be in general charge  
of this line of activity in all the  
camps.

Of course all these facilities are for  
use in your spare time only. They are  
not to interfere with the steady  
process of training which alone can  
make you a real soldier. However,  
you will enjoy your hours of recrea-  
tion all the more because they have  
been preceded by hours of hard work.  
The recreation as well as the work  
has its place in the general plan for  
turning out an efficient army of self-  
reliant citizen soldiers in the quickest  
possible time.

**He Who Laughs Last.**  
Tramp—Growing vegetables out of  
a book! How, how!  
Announcer—Well, it isn't given to all  
of us to grow them out of our heads!  
—Passing Show.

## SEED CORN MUST BE CAREFULLY STORED

Probable Shortage as Result of  
the Season's Backwardness;  
Necessary Precautions.

### EARS NEED GOOD DRYING

Thorough Ventilation of Storage Room  
Is Therefore Essential—Michigan  
Corn Best for Seed.

By J. F. COX,  
Professor of Farm Crops, Michigan Ag-  
ricultural College.

East Lansing, Mich.—The favorite  
rallying cry of the city business man,  
whether he be an automobile manufac-  
turer employing ten thousand men, or  
a grimy boot-black holding forth on  
the curb, is "I'm a home industry." This  
spirit, crystallized, has borne  
fruit in the easily visible development  
of city enterprises.

The motto, while city-born and city-  
bred, is one which the farmer can well  
apply to his own business, particularly  
with respect to seed corn. Michigan's  
best corn growers have found their  
greatest success has come from what  
may be said to be adherence to the  
motto "Use home-grown, field selected  
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This fruit of their experiences as  
thus summed up is of importance just  
now for the reason that ears carefully  
selected this fall in the home field—if  
you have a variety of proved worth,  
are likely to give better results in 1918  
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Barred Rock with a record of 27 eggs  
in August, is nearing five years of age.  
She will be kept in our pens. Do not  
understand that we recommend the  
keeping of all old hens, but we do re-  
commend the keeping of such individual  
hens as have the "comeback" in them  
and are vitally strong and in perfect  
health.

When selecting pullets, retain only  
the ones showing they have put to good  
use the food fed to them. Pullets  
should now be of good size. Never  
keep small, runt individuals in the  
hope that they will come on, for they  
only serve to spread trouble in a flock.  
Make the flock as uniform in size as  
possible.

Do not feed pullets and old hens  
alike. To ripen up the pullets feed  
them a mash of equal parts by weight  
of cornmeal, bran and middlings, to  
which has been added 15 per cent by  
weight of high-grade meat scrap.  
Moisten with sour milk, and feed one  
day in troughs all they will clean up  
in 20 minutes, but not more.

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Is Remedy Recommended.

By J. H. MUNCIE,  
Plant Pathologist, Michigan Agricul-  
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forming material are corn, barley, and  
rye.

After deciding which class of feed  
to purchase the percentage of the  
above ingredients in the different feeds  
on the market should be carefully stud-  
ied. The amount of protein may be  
given in percentage, in which case the  
figure given represents the actual num-  
ber of pounds of protein per 100 pounds  
of feed. Often the amount of protein  
is given in terms of nitrogen. Protein  
contains 16 per cent of nitrogen, and  
in such cases the amount of nitrogen  
should be multiplied by 6.25 to give  
the amount of protein. For example,  
if a feed contains 7 per cent of nitro-  
gen, the protein-content would be 6.25  
by 7, or 43.75 pounds of protein per  
100 pounds of feed. Again the protein  
may be stated in terms of ammonia,  
in which case the amount of ammonia  
should be multiplied by 6.15. For ex-  
ample, if a feed contains 7 per cent of  
ammonia, it will have 6.15 by 7, or  
36.05 pounds of protein per 100 pounds.  
The amount of carbohydrates present  
are usually given as nitrogen-free ex-  
tract, and the fat as ether extract.  
For feeding purposes fat is two and  
one-fourth times as valuable as car-  
bohydrates, (nitrogen-free extract).  
Thus if a feed contains 70 per cent of  
nitrogen-free extract and 2 per cent  
of ether extract (fat) the total amount  
of fat-forming material present would  
be 2.25 by 2, or 4.5, plus 70, or 74.5 in  
100 pounds of feed. After carefully  
figuring the cost per pound of protein,  
carbohydrates and fat in a feed, it will  
often be found that the feeding stuff  
costing the most per ton will furnish  
food nutrients at a lower cost per  
pound than other feeds that can be  
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## DAIRY THE DAIRY

### WARM WEATHER DAIRY HINTS

Cleanliness Is of Great Importance—  
Cream Separator Is Essential—  
Weed Out Poor Cows.

Unclean milk is especially danger-  
ous during warm weather.  
Remember that the sun is an excel-  
lent disinfecting agent. Sun the milk  
and cream utensils after washing.

No dairyman can afford to be with-  
out a good cream separator. A sepa-  
rator removes practically all the fat  
from the milk. By the ordinary skim-  
ming method from 10 to 25 per cent of  
the butterfat is left in the milk.

By carefully testing and weeding out  
the poor cows you can increase the  
average production of each cow by  
more than forty pounds of butterfat  
per year.

No animal that gets only feed  
enough to support life can produce a  
profit. Feed your cows a balanced ra-  
tion.

When a farmer makes and sells but-  
ter and feeds the skim milk to poultry  
pigs and calves, he is not sending away  
a great deal of his farm's fertility.  
Keep the farm's fertility on the farm.

Some farmers would be better off  
if they sold their cows and bought  
milk and butter. Yet they don't realize  
that they are losing real money on ev-  
ery "boarder" in their herds. Test  
each cow.

### SELECT WINTER LAYERS

Hens, as Well as Pullets, Should Be  
Comfortably Established in Win-  
ter Quarters.

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FAREWELL TO SOLDIER BOYS  
PATRIOTIC EVENT.

(Continued from first page.)

when our enemy told us how to paint our ships. Should we comply with their request or stand for our American rights. He said that we are not a boasting nation and instead are making cool, calm preparations. We hear no complaints from our people. He said he believed it his sacred duty that our students learn to salute our flag every day. Our school children must learn to meet all conditions. Our soldiers will go forward to protect our country and our flag for all days to come.

Chaplain Atkinson of the 31st Michigan Infantry, gave a most interesting and eloquent talk and held his listeners to close attention for more than an hour. He said that it was a great honor to be an American soldier, and that there were no such soldiers as American soldiers in all times. America has no such thing as the professional fighter. He said there were none more patriotic than those who had spoken before him; they have given the best they have for democracy, in the American army. He liked those who were accomplishing important work here at home as units in the army. Ladies in the homes were important units in the army. Ten years ago a soldier in uniform was a curiosity on our streets, and when democracy rules the world the soldier will become but a memory.

The people of America were contented because they were protected by oceans and free from attack. Modern invention, modern cruisers, and power to produce means of torture to force the world to bend her knees to humble submission. In the American army, the Chaplain said, he had yet to find the man who desires to shed blood.

The men of the regiments and the new soldiers are merely citizens who have divorced themselves from all that is near and dear to them. But don't pity the soldier but pity the civilian who has not the privilege to become a soldier. If the shedding of blood is cruel, then no injustice can overshadow the tragedy of Calvary. Referring to the autocracy of Germany he said that there can never be universal peace so long as we have such parasites on earth.

Army life has attractive qualities that are not known in civil life. Our success depends upon our learning to obey. The men who have not learned this lesson usually end up in jail, and the girls are those characters whom are generally placed upon the train and shipped out of town.

The speaker said there was more honesty in the army than in civil life and better health. To the members of the new army he said that the readjustment from civil life to army life

was hard and required a couple of months' time. Sentimental feelings for the old town and old habits would soon be replaced with affairs of the army, and they will soon get accustomed to the military life.

Touching lightly upon the issues of the war he said that there was not room in this world for light and darkness at the same time—one or the other must go. It must be the same with autocracy and democracy. They are opposites and one must go. The Germans of America must align themselves up with Democracy or they will go to the scrap heap. The autocratic element is undemocratic. We must all be something more than curb-stone patriots.

He asked the mothers not to wish their boys back home, but instead to encourage them to fight for their country and their flag; fight for humanity and justice. Let the boys know that "Mother is with me—mother is back of me."

In behalf of Col. Pack and the other officers and men who have been in camp at the Hanson Military Reservation, he thanked the citizens of Grayling for their courtesy and said that their stay here had been most pleasant.

After the program of speeches, Chairman Bates distributed to the drafted boys and the three Grayling boys among the troops at the Grayling camp, a few articles that had been prepared for their comfort.

There were comfort bags containing toilet articles such as tooth brushes, tooth powder, talcum and soap, donated by the Crawford County Red Cross chapter; housewives, or small kits containing needles, thread, buttons, etc., given by the ladies of the W. R. C. Rasmus Hanson gave each boy a letter containing a friendly note and a check for \$25.00. Each boy of the draft army was provided with a lunch box prepared by some of the Grayling ladies, thinking they might become hungry before reaching Camp Custer.

At the close of the meeting everybody was invited to go to the gymnasium and participate in dancing. The dance floor was crowded besides there was probably the largest crowd on the gymnasium balcony that was ever assembled there. Coffee and sandwiches were served by the ladies of the Red Cross.

The train scheduled to carry the Crawford county and Mio boys to Battle Creek was due to arrive at 11:25 but instead did not arrive until 3:30 the following morning. The train contained fifteen coaches and they certainly were a live bunch that came rolling into Grayling that early morning. As soon as the train stopped, there was a large crowd that got off and gave a rah, rah, Grayling yell. They were answered by the civilian

crowd waiting at the depot with three cheers for the Michigan members of the new National army.

It was a long trip to Camp Custer and the special train carrying the Northern Michigan boys was considerably delayed and did not arrive at its destination until 3:15 the following afternoon.

Grayling Boy Writes From Waco.  
Camp McArthur,  
Waco, Texas.

Grayling, Mich.

Dear friends:

I thoroughly appreciate your interest in me, and if I can do anything by pen, or in winning stripes honorably, to repay it, I am going to do my best. You may be disappointed in me but it won't be my fault. I thank you.

We had an interesting trip thru the different states, (Michigan, Illinois, Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma and a small part of Indiana and Texas). Most of the boys have never been in this part of the country and all things were explained and the resources of different states were given to us by one of the boys from B troop who had been thru here several times, and all our lessons at school came back to us by degrees.

I will now give you an idea of our camp life and the description of our camp:

We are located, I believe, at the northerly part of Camp McArthur, and southwest of Waco city. Our mess halls are long buildings but with more accommodations than those at Grayling. Two tables run the full length and the kitchen is larger with sleeping rooms for the cooks and mess Sergeant. Our tents are pitched south of the mess hall in a line and the space between troop mess halls and tents is our company street and is kept perfectly clean.

About 100 feet south of the end of our company street is a shower bath and latrine. Everything is kept in perfect, uniform order. Our cots are all made up neatly in the morning and all pieces of paper or other rubbish picked up in the tents, and ready for quarter's inspection. All of our equipment is kept spotless and clean and ourselves are bathed every day and our teeth cleaned twice a day, and always clean shaven. Everything is on a sanitary scale as nearly as possible.

We arrived in Waco at 12:05, started to unload equipment at 3:00 and had our tents pitched, cots all made up and were bathed and eating at 5:30.

Of course, my Troop were winners by eating 15 minutes earlier than the other two troops. We are in temporary quarters at present and when we move I will give you further information as to where we are, and what we are doing. I have no authoritative information so far.

The Wisconsin Cavalry is to be

transferred to light Artillery tomorrow. We won't be changed.

After our daily program of duties is given out and everything progressing nicely, you will receive a thorough list of our duties and time of performance.

From your sincere friend,  
Shirley Dyer,  
Troop C, 1st Mich. Cav.

Will Recommend that Deer Season  
be Closed 5 Years in  
Crawford County.

At the public hearing before officers of the Public Domain commission held at the Court house in Grayling, Tuesday forenoon, it was the prevailing opinion of those present that the season for killing deer be closed in Crawford county for a period of five years.

The meeting was conducted by Chief Deputy Game Warden Jones of Lansing, Commissioner John Baird arriving too late to be present. About fifteen attended the meeting. Each person was asked his opinion as to the matter of closing the season and with one or two exceptions all were in favor of closing the hunting season in Crawford county for five years. Nearly all present were in favor of closing the season for hunting partridge for a like period.

The authority to close the season lies in the power of the Public Domain commission and Chairman Jones says that he fully believes that the commission will order the season closed for hunting deer. As to the hunting of partridge any action taken now would but slightly effect the hunting this year for there would be but four days of the hunting season left at the earliest time the ruling might become a law. This latter will very likely be taken up again next year.

## Obituary.

Thomas Joseph Regan was born in England in 1868, came to Pittsburg, Pa., with his parents when three or four years of age, where he resided until coming to Grayling 30 years ago which was in 1897. In 1890 he was united in marriage to Miss Sarah A. Cowell, and in 1895 Mr. Regan moved to Grand Marais, Mich. There he conducted a cigar store until 1907, when owing to ill health of two of his children he returned with his family to Grayling. After conducting a cigar shop here for one year he entered the employ of Kerry, Hanson & Co. In 1909 Mr. Regan began work in Salling Hanson & Co. planing mill, working up to machinist, which position he held until February this year, when he was taken ill, from which complications set in, including valvular heart trouble and dropsy.

Mr. Regan with the courage he always had endured, with intense suffering to the end on September 20th, when he passed away quietly, with his family by his bedside. In former years Mr. Regan was an active baseball player in the Grayling nine holding the plate as pitcher for the local team.

Mr. Regan leaves a wife and six children out of nine born to them, to mourn for him. They are Mrs. Elmer Gamble of Jackson, Mich., Mrs. Vernon A. Cantley of Mt. Morris, Mich., Florence, Thomas, Franklin and Harvey, still at home. He also leaves one brother, L. J. Regan of Pittsburg, Pa., and three sisters, Mrs. Maria McGinley, Pittsburg, Mrs. Daniel Ackerman of Canton, Ohio, and Mrs. Geo. E. Cowell of Sault Ste Marie.

Mr. Regan was an active member of the I. O. O. F. lodge at Grand Marais, having held every station to Past Noble Grand, which certificate he has always been very proud. He also served in each office in the M. W. of A.

Mr. Regan had many friends and was always ready to help them at all times. A few days previous to his death Mr. Regan called his family and immediate friends and bid them all goodbye telling them he would meet them again in Heaven. Requesting his wife to convey his goodbye to his brother and sisters.

The funeral services were held at the home on Friday afternoon Sept. 21. Rev. W. Terhune of Frederic rendered an impressive sermon from the 90th Psalm. Many friends of the family were present. Two daughters, Mrs. Elmer E. Gamble of Jackson, Mrs. Vernon A. Cantley of Mt. Morris, his only surviving brother, L. J. Regan of Pittsburg, Pa., were here for the funeral. Three sisters, two nephews and a sister-in-law arrived too late to be in attendance owing to missing connection of trains.

## GO NO FARTHER.

**The Evidence Is At Your Door.**  
Grayling proof is what you want and the statement of this highly respected resident will banish all doubt:

Philip Moran, brakeman, Chestnut St., Grayling, says: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills off and on for many years with excellent results. Often my back has become weak and lame and ached through the small part of it. The kidney secretions were too frequent in passage, also. Every time I have been this way, I have used Doan's Kidney Pills, getting them from Olson's Drug store, and they have never failed to cure the attack."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Moran uses. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

**Stomach and Liver Troubles.**  
No end of misery and actual suffering is caused by disorders of the stomach and liver, and may be avoided by the use of Chamberlain's Tablets. Give them a trial. They only cost a quarter.

FOR QUICK RESULTS USE OUR WANT COLUMN—The Cost Is Small.

Chesterfield  
CIGARETTESof IMPORTED and DOMESTIC  
tobacco—Blended

"They please the taste  
great! But also—"

If a cigarette simply pleased  
the taste, smokers used to let  
it go at that. But not now.

Because Chesterfields give  
smokers not only a taste that  
they like, but also a new kind  
of smoking-enjoyment—

Chesterfields hit the smoke-  
spot, they let you know you  
are smoking—they "Satisfy!"

Yet, they're MILD!

The new blend of pure, natural  
imported and domestic tobacco—  
that tells the story.  
And the blend can't be copied  
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Time Card  
In effect May 6th, 1916.

Read Down.	Read Up.
A. M. P. M.	P. M. P. M.
7:00 12:35	1:50 12:15
12:43	1:14
8:18 3:07	3:11 12:40
9:24 3:30	12:46 11:55
11:40 3:55	12:50 11:05
1:10 4:31	1:03 9:41
1:45 4:46	10:39 9:01
5:22	Rvr Birch
5:29	Kaleva
5:39	Chief lake
5:46	Norwalk
6:17	Manistee

A. M. P. M.	A. M. P. M.
7:25 13:00	11:20 16:40
8:11 3:47	Kaleva
8:35 4:15	Copemish
8:43 4:22	Nessen Cy
9:23 4:53	Platte Rvr
9:31 5:01	Lake Ann
9:53 5:05	Solon
9:59 5:21	Fench
10:15 5:35	Traverse C

† Daily, except Sunday.  
Local freight trains.

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No.	FOR	No.
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2. Worms, Worm Fever.	22. Disorders of the Kidneys.	22
3. Colic, Cramping, Watkeness of Infants.	23. Urinary Inconvenience.	23
4. Diarrhea of Children and Adults.	24. Sore Throat, Quins.	24
5. Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.	25. Grip, Grippe, La Grippe.	25
6. Toothache, Faceache, Neuralgia.	26. Whooping Cough.	26
7. Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo.	27. Croup, Hoarse Cough, Laryngitis.	27
8. Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach.	28. Exema, Eruptions.	28
9. Croup, Hoarse Cough, Laryngitis.	29. Rheumatism, Lumbago.	29
10. Exema, Eruptions.	30. Fever and Ague, Malaria.	30
11. Rheumatism, Lumbago.	31. Piles, Blind, Bleeding, Internal, External.	31
12. Fever and Ague, Malaria.	32. Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in Head.	32
13. Piles, Blind, Bleeding, Internal, External.	33. Whooping Cough.	33
14. Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in Head.	34. Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult Breathing.	34
15. Whooping Cough.	35. Disorders of the Kidneys.	35
16. Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult Breathing.	36. Urinary Inconvenience.	36
17. Disorders of the Kidneys.	37. Sore Throat, Quins.	37
18. Urinary Inconvenience.	38. Grip, Grippe, La Grippe.	38
19. Sore Throat, Quins.	39. Whooping Cough.	39
20. Grip, Grippe, La Grippe.	40. Croup, Hoarse Cough, Laryngitis.	40

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